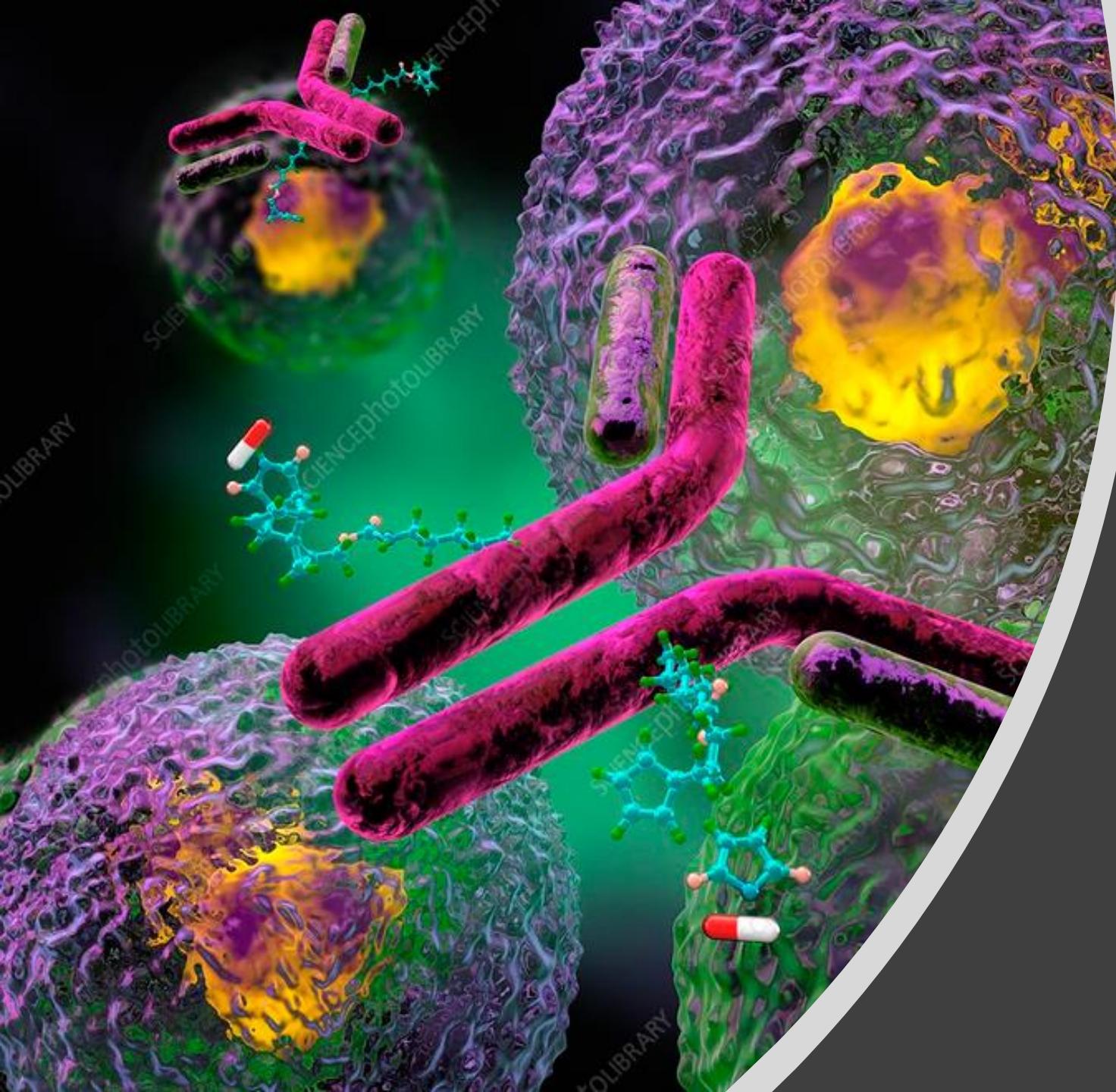


Antibody drug conjugates





Hvad betyder de nye ADC'er for behandlingen af brystkræft?

- HER2-targeterede ADC'er
 - TDM1 til HER2+
 - TDXd til HER2+ og HER2low
- TROP2-targeterede ADC'er
 - Sacituzumab Govitecan til TNBC og ER+ MBC
 - Datopotamab Deruxtecan – under udvikling – protokol i DK
- ADC'er under udvikling mod nye targets?
- Fremtiden

TDM1 (Trastuzumab Emtansine): Prototypen

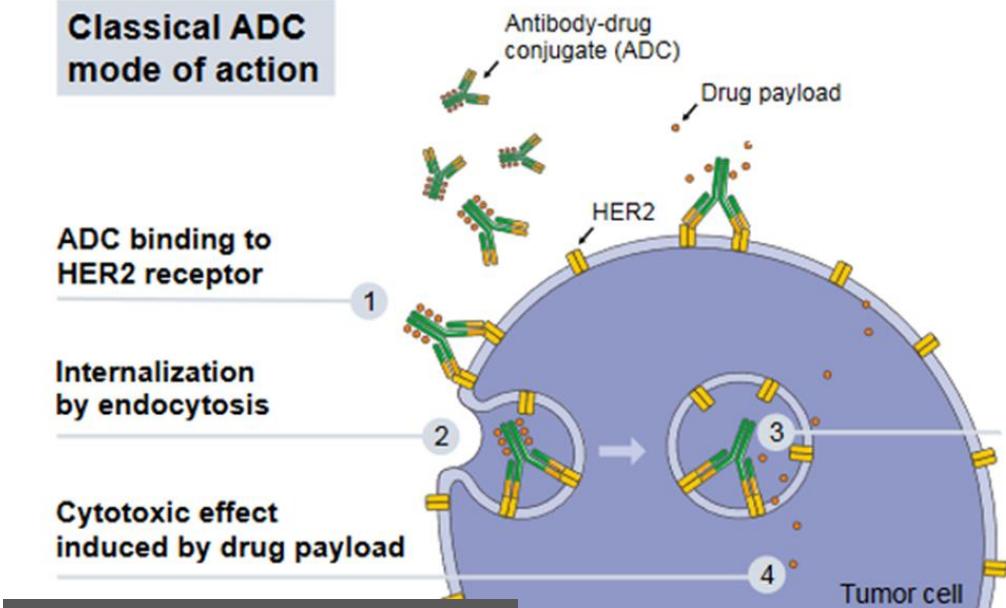


Classical ADC mode of action

ADC binding to
HER2 receptor

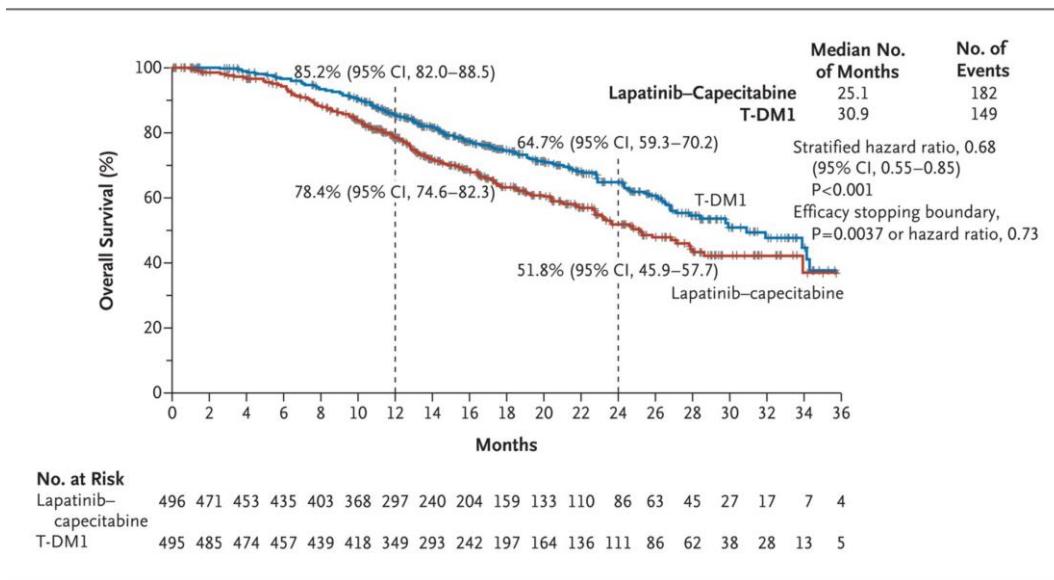
Internalization
by endocytosis

Cytotoxic effect
induced by drug payload



Rinnerthaler, Int. J. Mol. Sci. 2019

Emilia: TDM1 vs. lapatinib–capecitabine



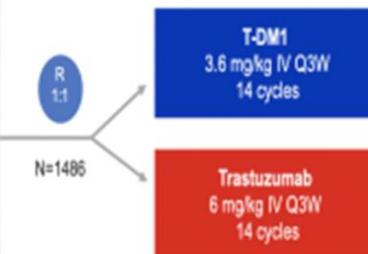
	Cap + Lap (n=488)	T-DM1 (n=490)
All-grade AE, n (%)	477 (97.7)	470 (95.9)
Grade ≥3 AE, n (%)	278 (57.0)	200 (40.8)
AEs leading to treatment discontinuation (for any study drug), n (%)	52 (10.7)	29 (5.9)
AEs leading to death on treatment, n (%) ^a	5 (1.0)	1 (0.2)
Cardiac dysfunction AEs, ^a n (%)		
All grades	15 (3.1)	9 (1.8)
Grade 3	2 (0.4)	1 (0.2)
LVEF <50% and ≥15-point decrease from baseline, % ^b	7 (1.6)	8 (1.7)

Emilia: TDM1 vs. lapatinib–capecitabine

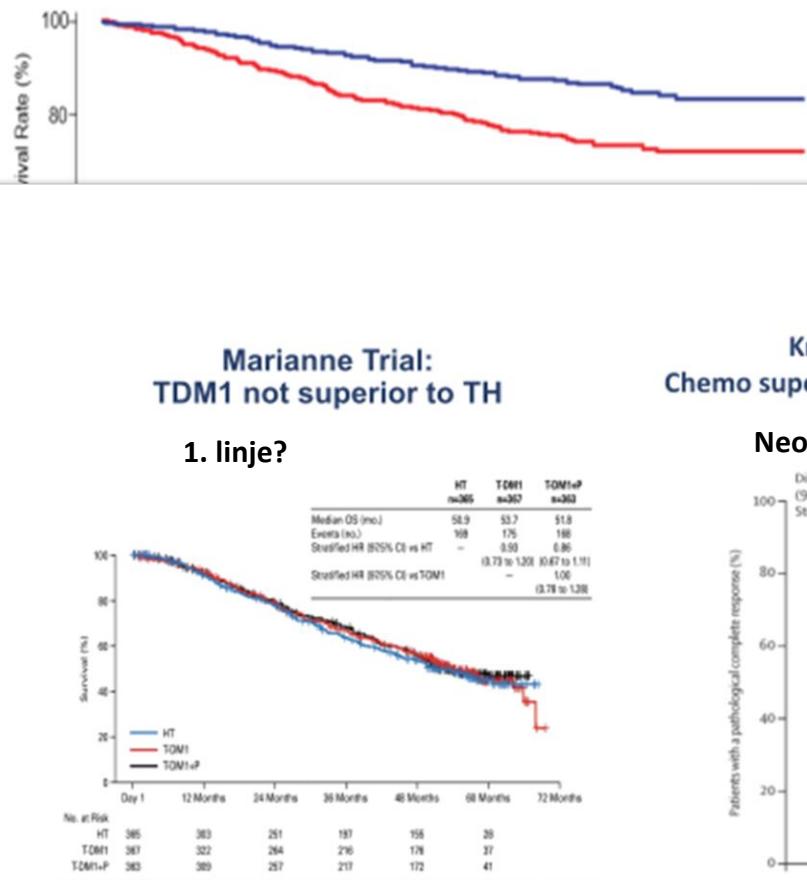


KATHERINE: T-DM1 superior to Trastuzumab for HER2+ Residual Disease

- Centrally confirmed HER2-positive breast cancer
- cT1-4/N0-3/M0 at presentation (cT1a-b/N0 excluded)
- Received neoadjuvant therapy consisting of
 - Minimum of 6 cycles of chemotherapy
 - Minimum of 9 weeks of taxane+ trastuzumab
- Pathologic residual invasive tumor in breast or axilla

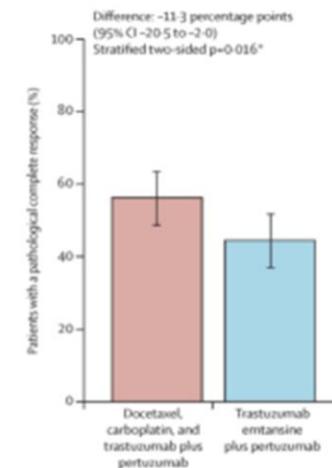


N Engl J Med 2019; 380:617-62

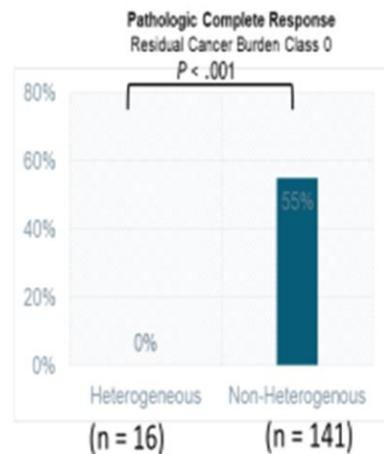


Kristine Trial:
Chemo superior to TDM1 for pCR

Neo-adjuverende?



T-DM1+ P has no pCR benefit
In heterogeneous HER2+ EBC



KATHERINE: T-DM1 superior to Trastuzumab for HER2+ Residual Disease

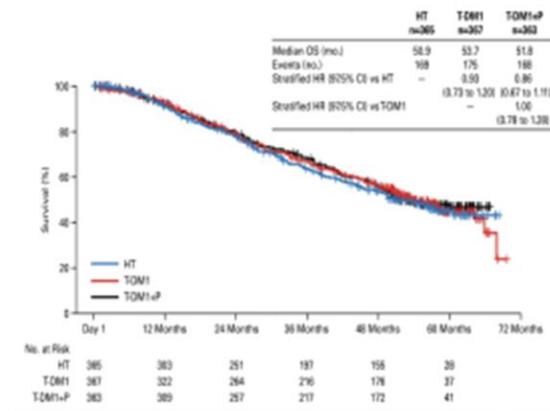
- Centrally confirmed HER2-positive breast cancer
- cT1-4/N0-3/M0 at presentation (cT1a-b/N0 excluded)
- Received neoadjuvant therapy
- Minimum of 1 cycle of trastuzumab
- Pathologic complete response (pCR) required

TDM1 blev herefter standardbehandling til patienter med restsygdom efter neoadjuverende kemoterapi og HER2-rettet behandling

N Engl J Med 2019; 380:617-62

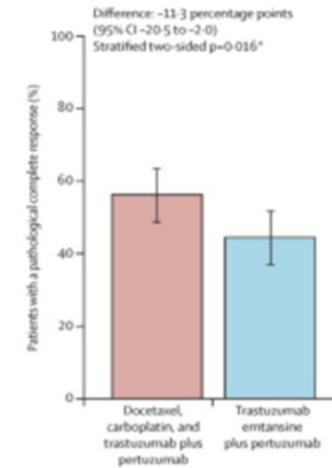
Marianne Trial:
TDM1 not superior to TH

1. linje?

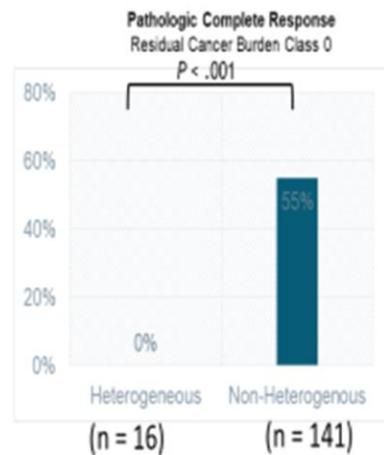


Kristine Trial:
Chemo superior to TDM1 for pCR

Neo-adjuverende?



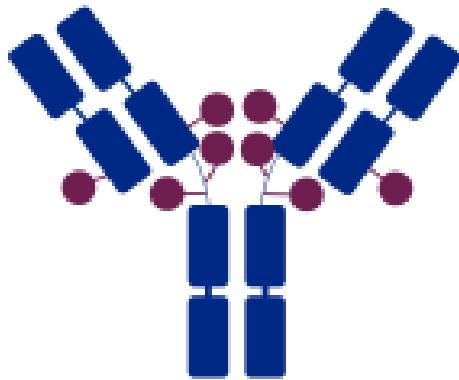
T-DM1+ P has no pCR benefit
In heterogeneous HER2+ EBC



Trastuzumab Deruxtecan (T-DXd): Next Generation HER2 ADC

Characteristic Differences Between T-DXd and T-DM1

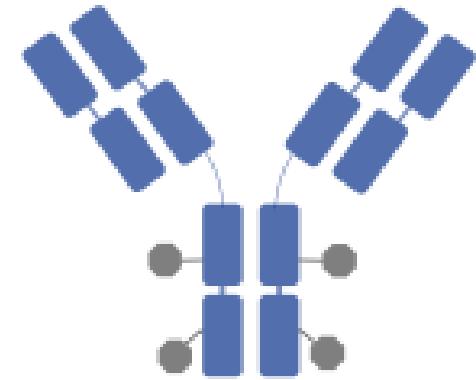
Trastuzumab
deruxtecan
(T-DXd)



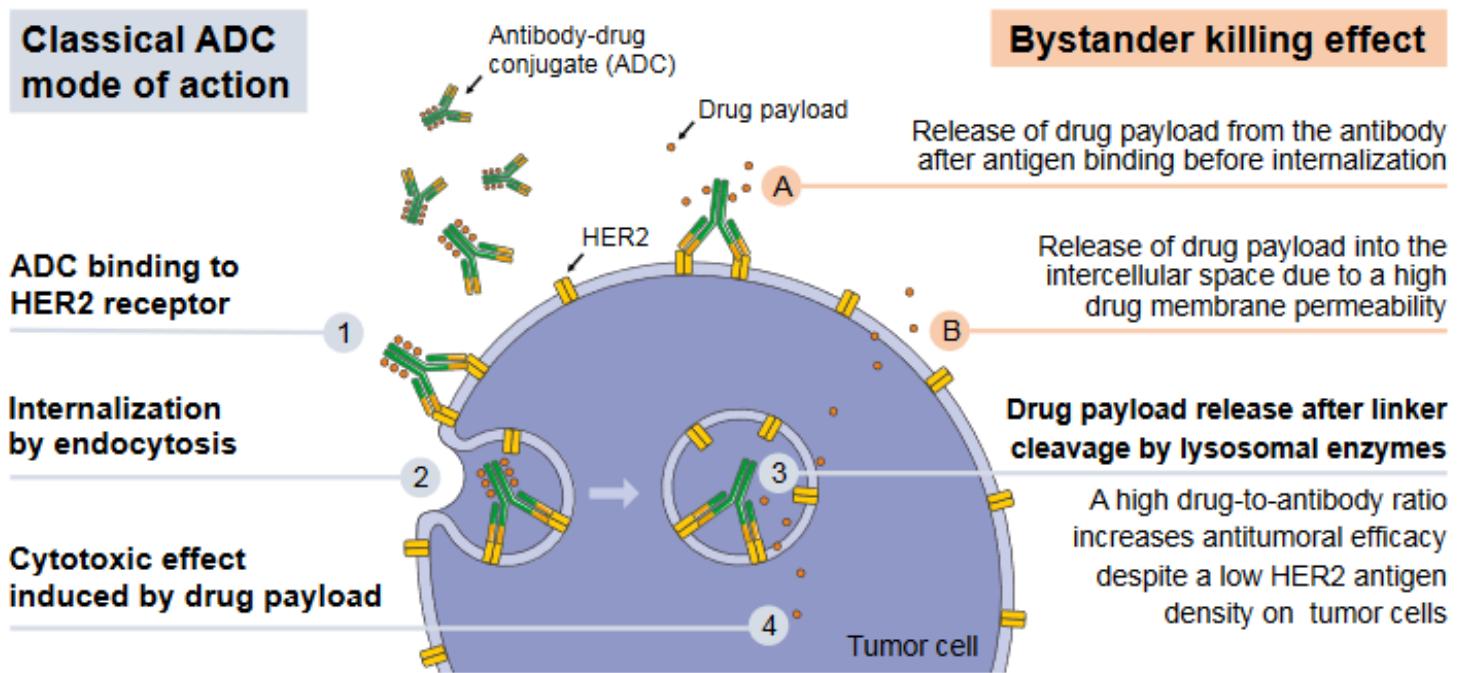
HER2 Targeting ADCs with similar mAB Backbone

Trastuzumab deruxtecan (T-DXd)	ADC Attributes	T-DM1
Topoisomerase I inhibitor	Payload MoA	Anti-microtubule
~8:1	Drug-to-antibody ratio	~3.5:1
Yes	Tumor-selective cleavable linker?	No
Yes	Evidence of bystander anti-tumor effect?	No

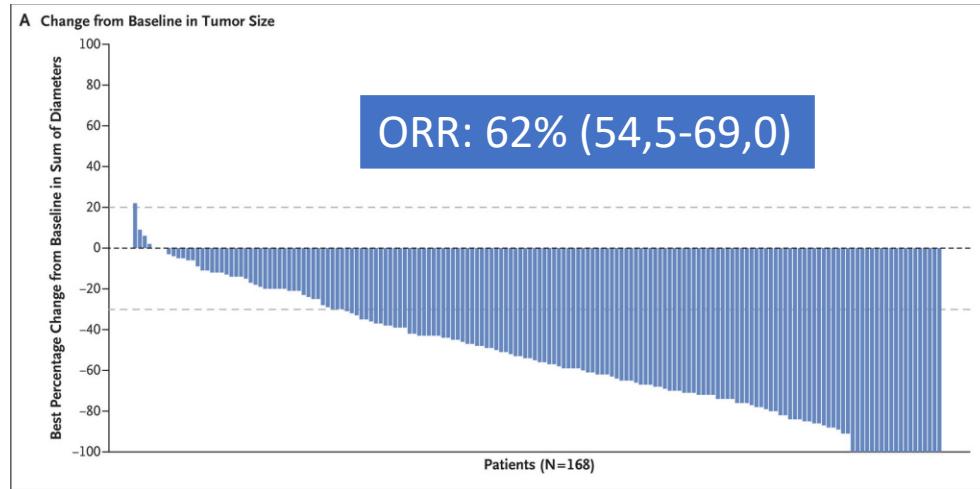
Trastuzumab
emtansine
(T-DM1)



MOA Rinnerthaler, Int. J. Mol. Sci. 2019



Destiny-01, fase II, mediant 6 tidlige behandlinger for HER2-positiv sygdom, alle TDM1



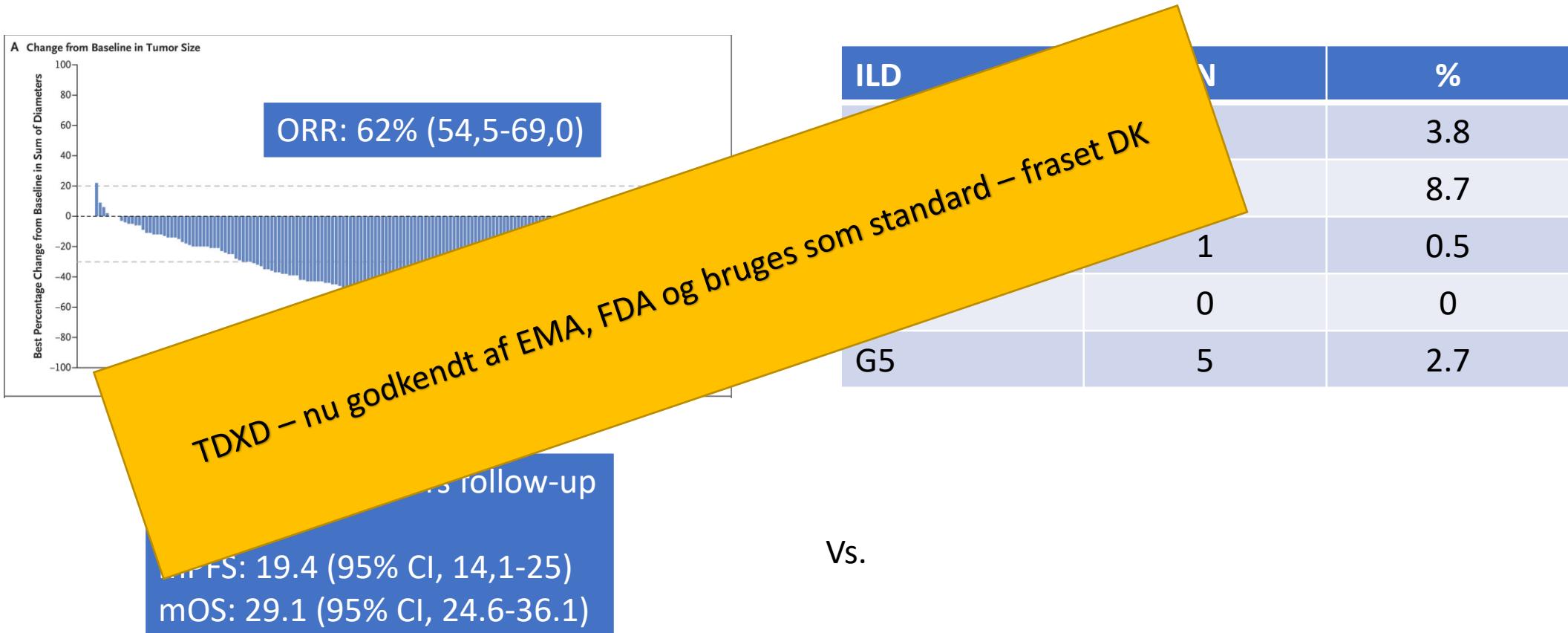
ILD	N	%
G1	7	3.8
G2	16	8.7
G3	1	0.5
G4	0	0
G5	5	2.7

Efter 26.5 måneders follow-up

mPFS: 19.4 (95% CI, 14,1-25)
mOS: 29.1 (95% CI, 24,6-36,1)

Vs.

Destiny-01, fase II, mediant 6 tidlige behandlinger for HER2-positiv sygdom, alle TDM1



DESTINY-Breast02

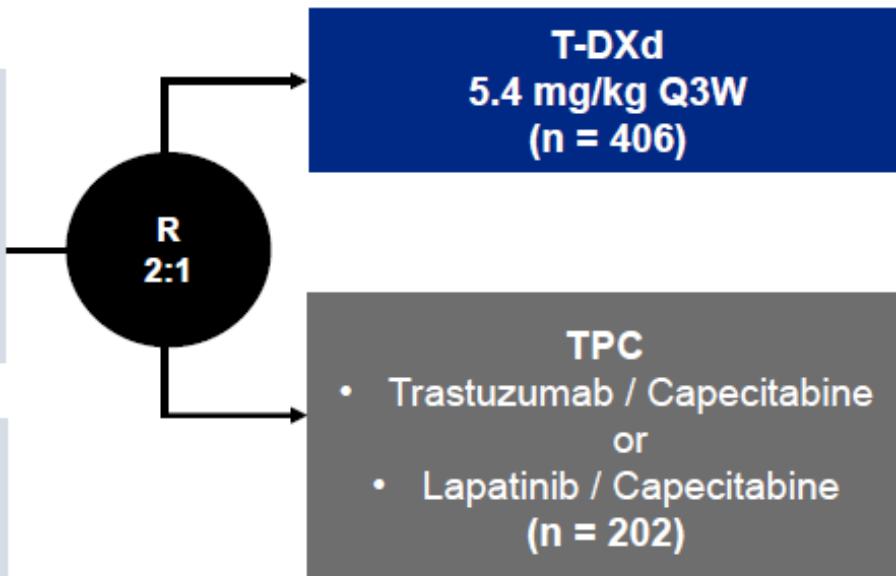
Randomized phase 3, open-label, multicenter study (NCT03523585)

Key eligibility criteria^a

- Centrally confirmed HER2-positive (IHC 3+ or IHC 2+/ISH+) unresectable or metastatic breast cancer
- Documented radiographic progression after most recent treatment
- Previously treated with T-DM1**

Stratification factors

- Hormone receptor status
- Prior treatment with pertuzumab
- History of visceral disease



Primary endpoint
• PFS (BICR^b)
Key secondary endpoint
• OS
Secondary endpoints
• ORR (BICR^b)
• DoR (BICR^b)
• PFS (investigator)
• Safety
Exploratory endpoints
• CBR (BICR^b)
• PFS2^c (investigator)

At data cutoff (June 30, 2022), the median duration of follow-up^d was:

- 21.5 months (range, 0.1-45.6 months) in the T-DXd arm
- 18.6 months (range, 0-45.7 months) in the TPC arm

Prior therapy for MBC:

100% received prior trastuzumab

100% received prior T-DM1

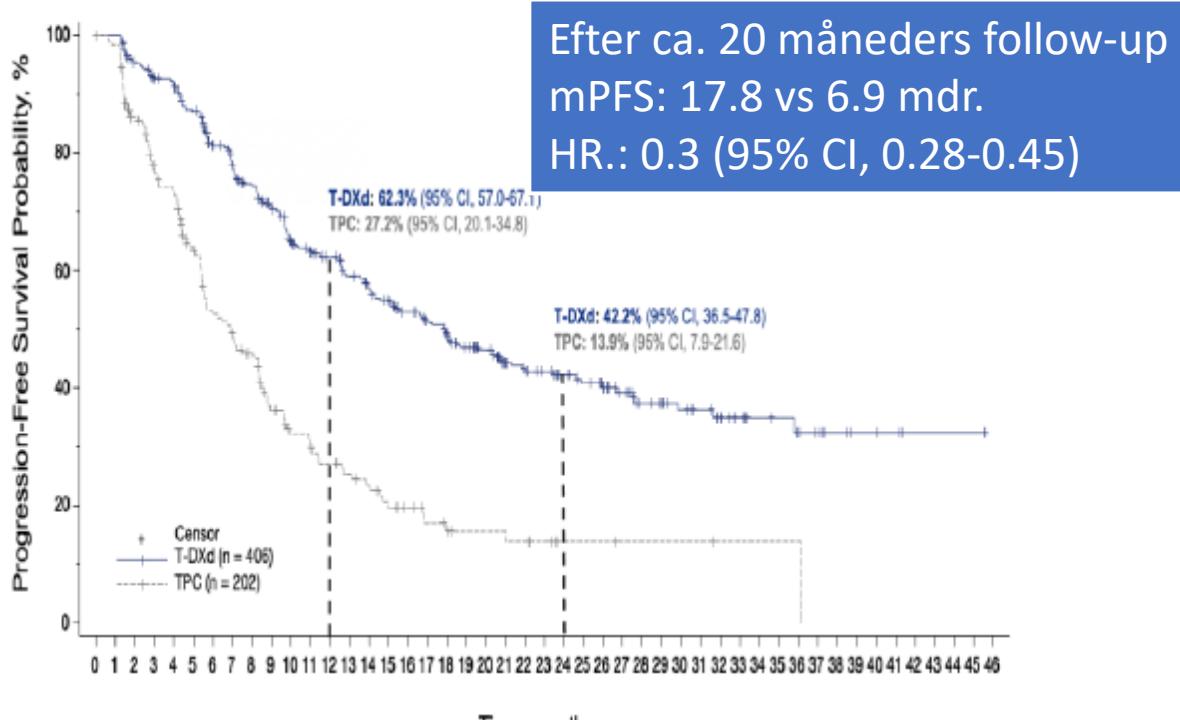
78% received prior pertuzumab

6% received HER2 TKI

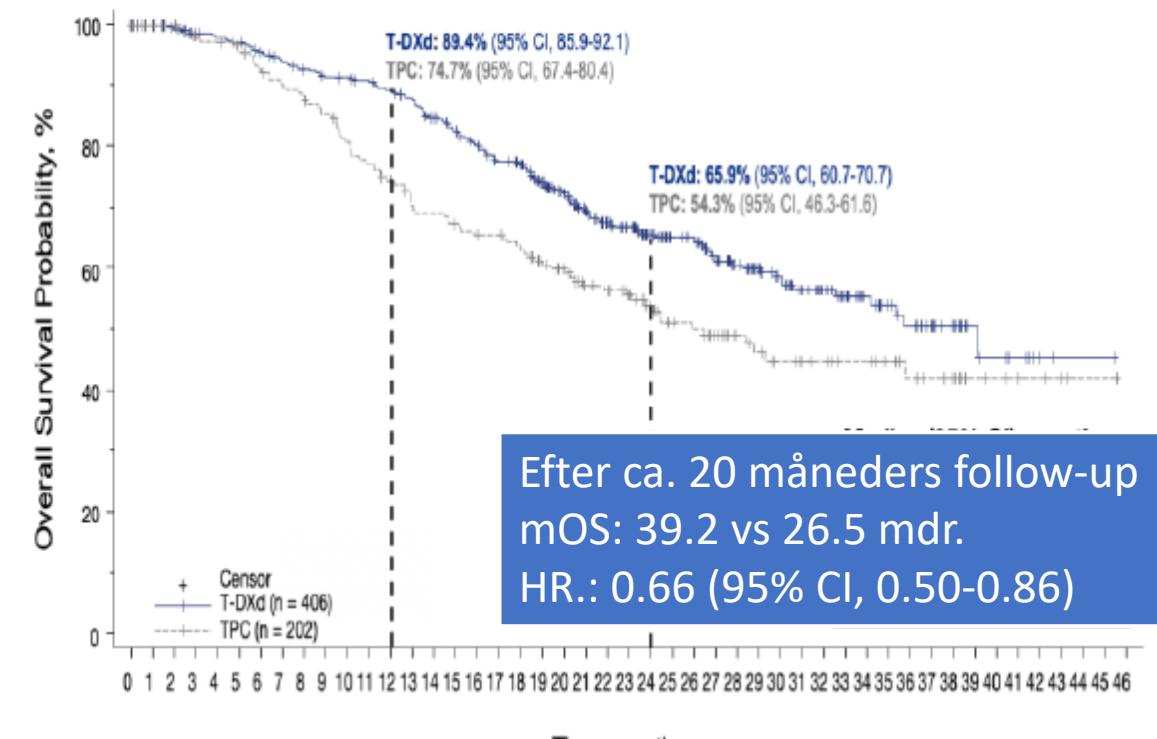
Median lines of prior tx: 2

DESTINY-Breast02: Efficacy endpoints

Primary Endpoint: PFS by BICR



Key Secondary Endpoint: OS



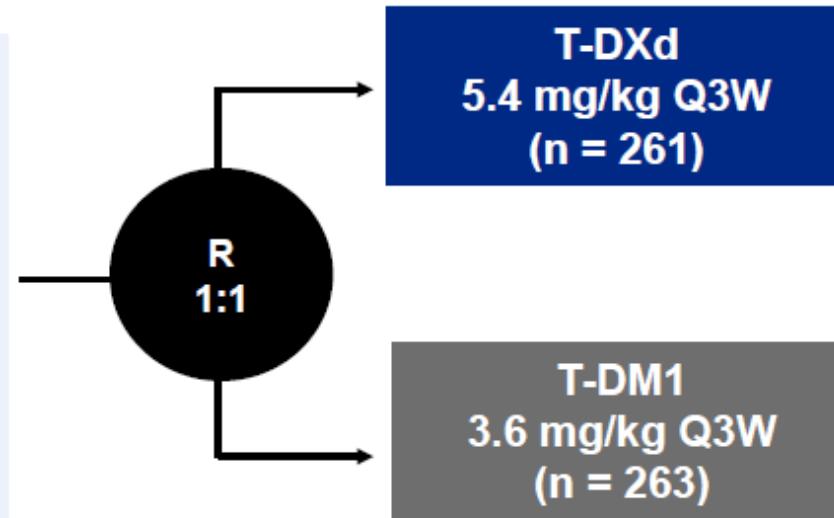
Adjudicated as Drug-related ILD^a

n (%)	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Any Grade
T-DXd (n = 404)	11 (2.7)	26 (6.4)	3 (0.7)	0	2 (0.5)	42 (10.4)
TPC (n = 195)	0	0	1 (0.5)	0	0	1 (0.5)

Destiny-03, fase III, 2 linje – alle tidl. behandlet med trastuzumab + taxan

Patients

- Unresectable or metastatic HER2-positive breast cancer
- **Previously treated with trastuzumab and taxane in advanced/metastatic setting**
- Progression during or <6 months after completing adjuvant therapy involving trastuzumab and taxane



Median study follow-up

- T-DXd arm: 28.4 months (range, 0.0-46.9 months)
- T-DM1 arm: 26.5 months (range, 0.0-45.0 months)

Prior therapy for MBC:

100% received prior trastuzumab
~60% received prior pertuzumab
~15% received other HER2 Tx
Median lines of prior tx: 2
One line of Tx: ~40%

Primary endpoint

- PFS (BICR)

Key secondary endpoint

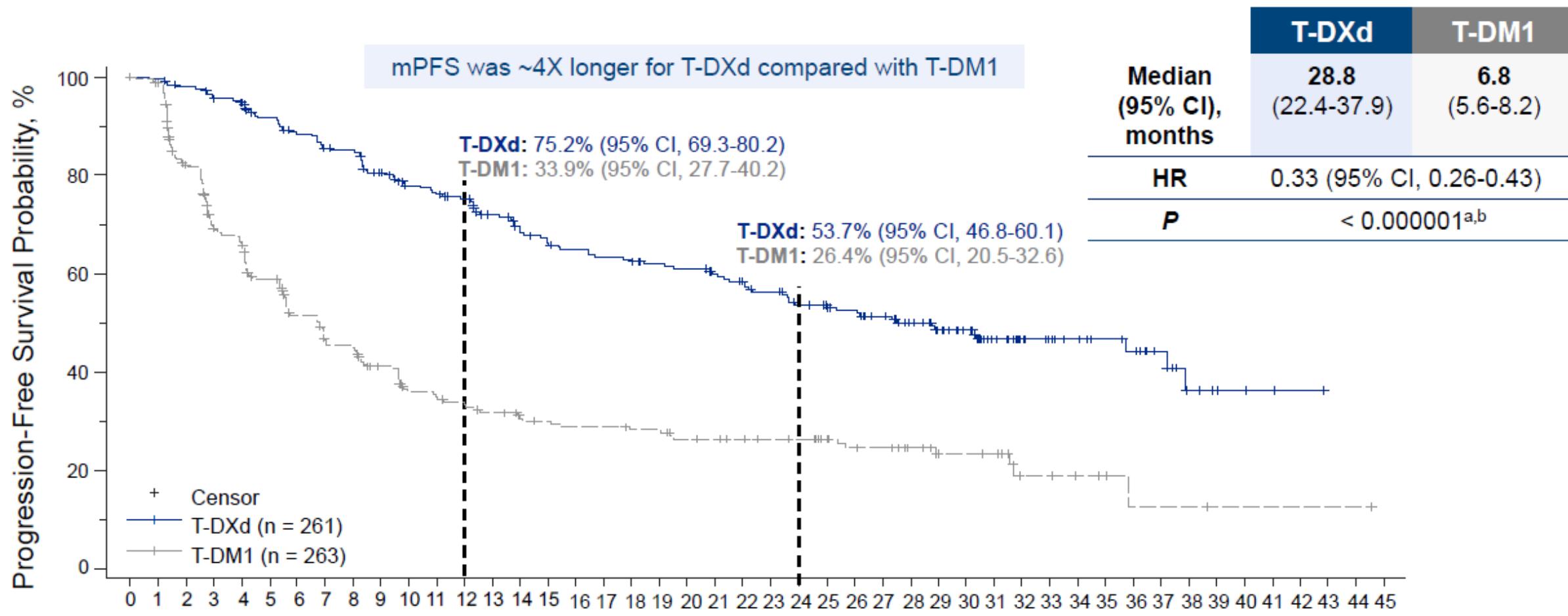
- OS

Secondary endpoints

- ORR (BICR and investigator)
- DOR (BICR)
- PFS (investigator)
- Safety

^aHER2 IHC3+ or IHC2+/ISH+ based on central confirmation. ^bProgression during or <6 months after completing adjuvant therapy involving trastuzumab and taxane

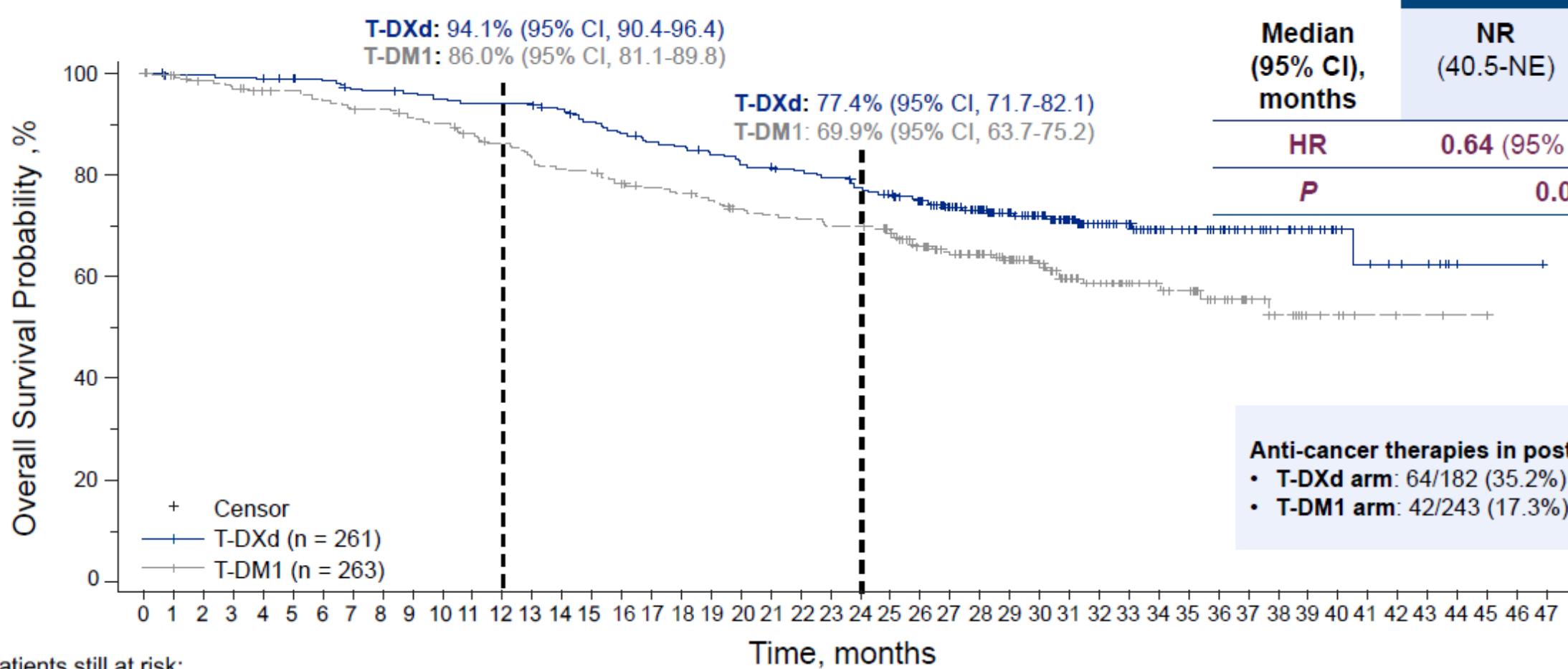
Updated Primary Endpoint: PFS by BICR



BICR, blinded independent central review; HR, hazard ratio; mo, month; mPFS, median progression-free survival; PFS, progression-free survival; T-DM1, trastuzumab emtansine; T-DXd, trastuzumab deruxtecan.

^aTwo-sided, from stratified log rank test. ^bNominal P value.

Key Secondary Endpoint: Overall Survival



	T-DXd	T-DM1
Median (95% CI), months	NR (40.5-NE)	NR (34.0-NE)
HR	0.64 (95% CI, 0.47-0.87)	
P	0.0037 ^{a,b}	

Anti-cancer therapies in post trial setting:

- T-DXd arm: 64/182 (35.2%) received T-DM1
- T-DM1 arm: 42/243 (17.3%) received T-DXd

HR, hazard ratio; mOS, median overall survival; NE, not estimable; NR, not reached; T-DM1, trastuzumab emtansine; T-DXd, trastuzumab deruxtecan.

There were 19 patients (7.3%) treated with T-DXd and 28 patients (10.6%) treated with T-DM1 who were lost to follow-up.

^aThe P value for overall survival crossed the prespecified boundary ($P = 0.013$) and was statistically significant. ^bTwo-sided from stratified log-rank test.

Confirmed ORR and Lung Safety Endpoints

	T-DXd n = 261 ^a	T-DM1 n = 263 ^a
Confirmed ORR by BICR		
n (%)	205 (78.5) [73.1-83.4]	92 (35.0) [29.2-41.1]
Nominal P value	< 0.0001	
CR, n (%)	55 (21.1)	25 (9.5)
PR, n (%)	150 (57.5)	67 (25.5)
SD, n (%)	47 (18.0)	110 (41.8)
PD, n (%)	3 (1.1)	47 (17.9)
NE, n (%)	6 (2.3)	14 (5.3)
CBR, n (%) [95% CI]	233 (89.3) [84.9-92.8]	122 (46.4) [40.2-52.6]
Nominal P value	< 0.0001	

Adjudicated Drug-Related Interstitial Lung Disease/Pneumonitis						
	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Any grade
T-DXd (n = 257)	11 (4.3)	26 (10.1)	2 (0.8)	0	0	39 (15.2)
T-DM1 (n = 261)	4 (1.5)	3 (1.1)	1 (0.4)	0	0	8 (3.1)

- With longer treatment exposure and follow-up, the ILD/pneumonitis rate increased from 10.5% in the PFS interim analysis³ to 15.2%
- There were 4 additional grade 1, 8 additional grade 2, and no additional grade 3 events
- There were no adjudicated drug-related grade 4 or 5 events

Destiny Breast 03 supports T-DXd as the superior HER2 ADC and the preferred 2nd line therapy for HER2+ MBC today

Confirmed ORR and Lung Safety Endpoints

	T-DXd n = 261 ^a	T-DM1 n = 263 ^a	Adjudicated Drug-Related Adverse Events	Pneumonitis
Confirmed ORR by BICR				
n (%)	205 (78.5)	92 (35.0)		
[95% CI]	[73.1-83.4]	[29.2-41.8]		
Nominal P value	<0.0001			
CR, n (%)	55 (21.0)	1 (0.4)		
PR, n (%)	150 (57.4)	81 (30.5)		
SD, n (%)	56 (21.6)	21 (7.9)		
CBR, n (%)	261 (100.0)	263 (100.0)		
Nominal P value				

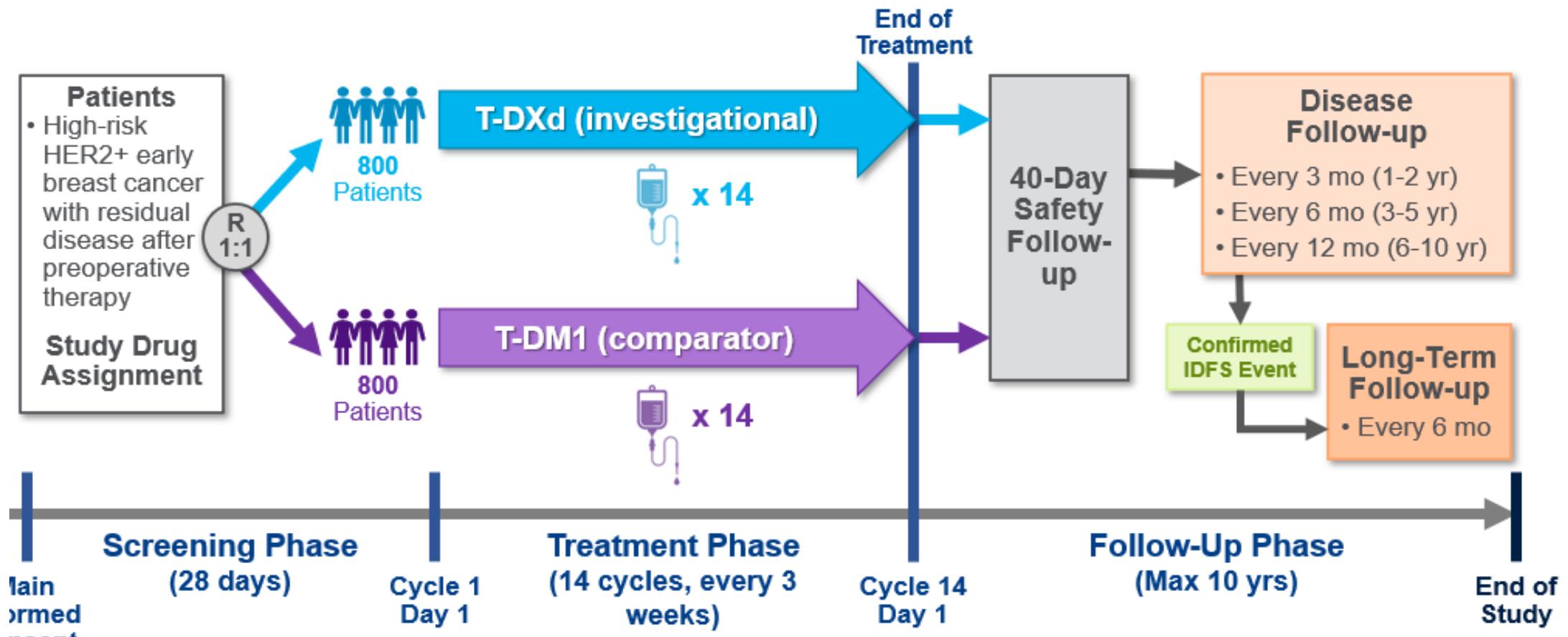
TDXD – nu (maj 22) godkendt af FDA og EMA (juni 22) som 2 linje
behandling til HER2-positiv mBC
DK afventer....

After 1 year of exposure and follow-up, the rate increased from 10.5% in the PFS interim analysis to 15.2%

- There were 4 additional grade 1, 8 additional grade 2, and no additional grade 3 events
- There were no adjudicated drug-related grade 4 or 5 events

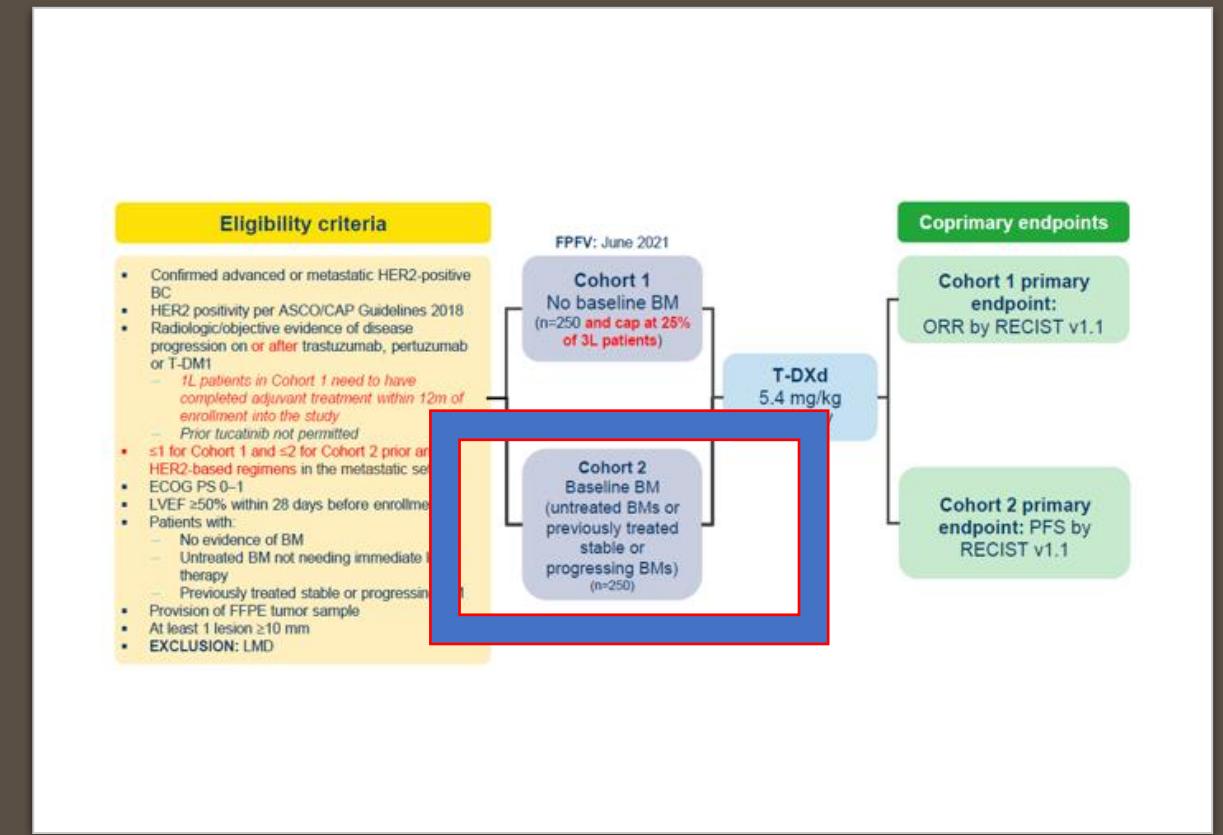
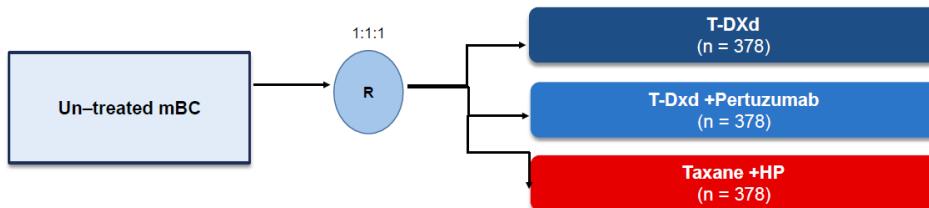
Key Breast 03 supports T-DXd as the superior HER2 ADC and the preferred 2nd line therapy for HER2+ MBC today

Destiny-05 Post-neoadjuvant til HER2-positive patienter, der efter NACT har residual sygdom



Destiny-09 og 12 – i Danmark

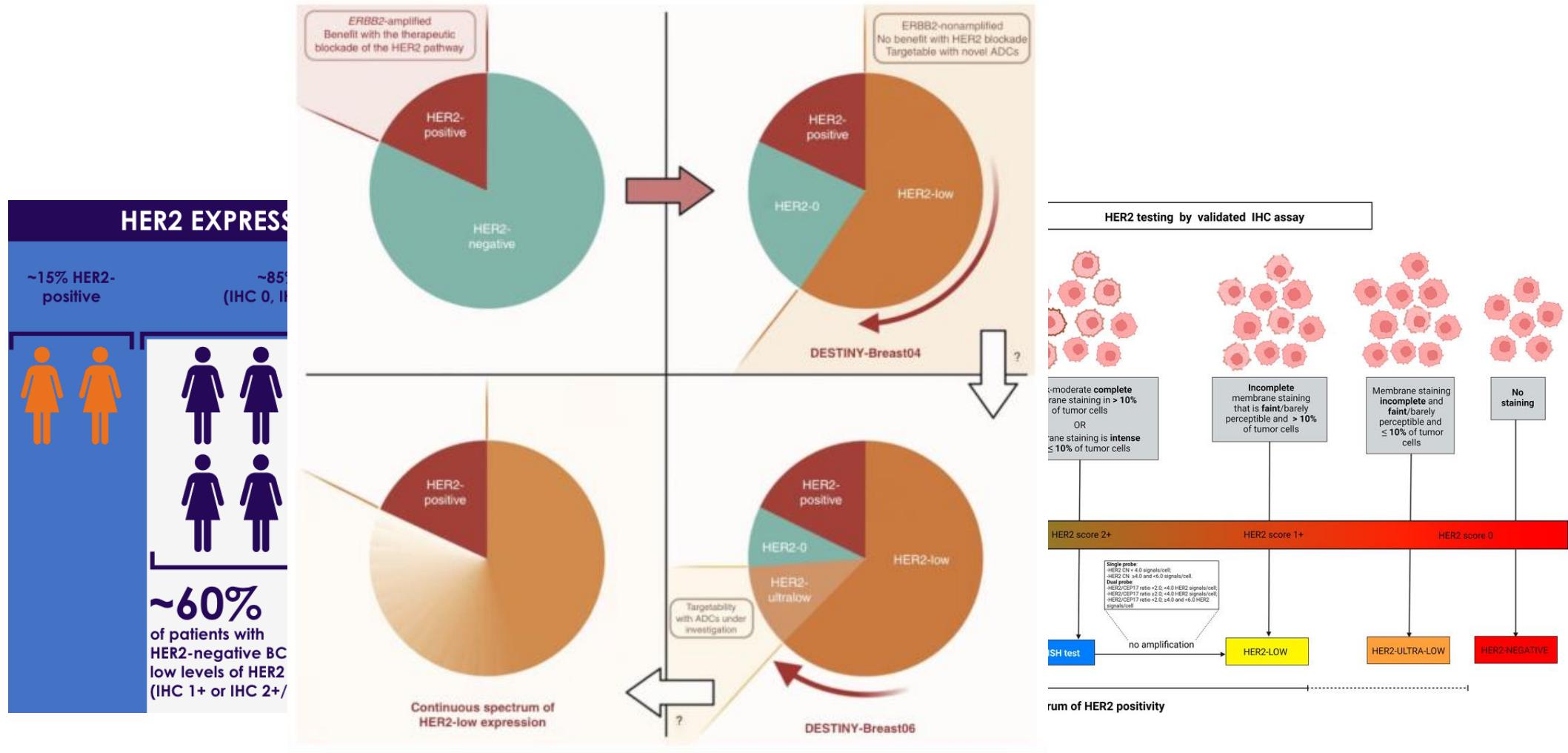
1 linje



HER2-low

Et paradigmeskift

HER2-low

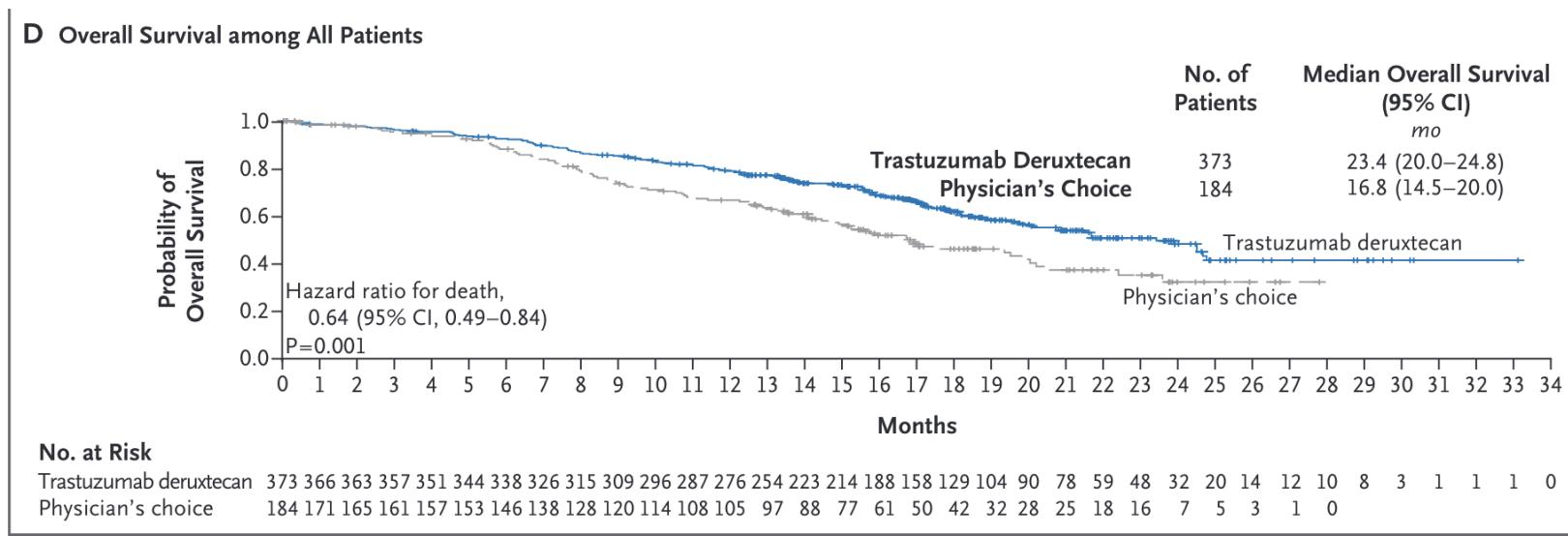


Destiny-04. Fase III forsøg til HER2-low patienter. TDXD vs. standard kemoterapi

N = 557, 89% ER+, 11% ER-

Ca. 70%, havde fået en CDK4/6-inhibitor

modtaget mediant 3 linjer behandling for metastatisk sygdom

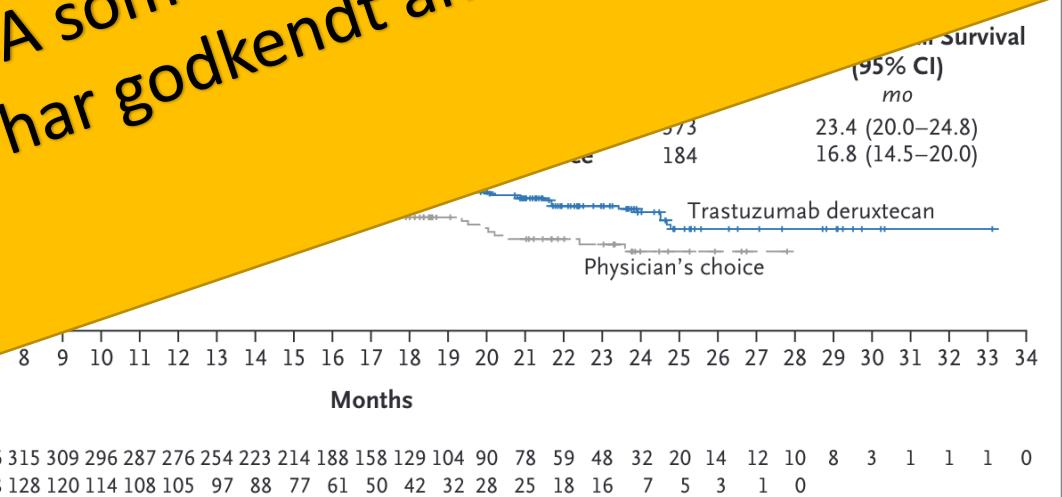


Destiny-04. Fase III forsøg til HER2-low patienter. TDXD vs. standard kemoterapi

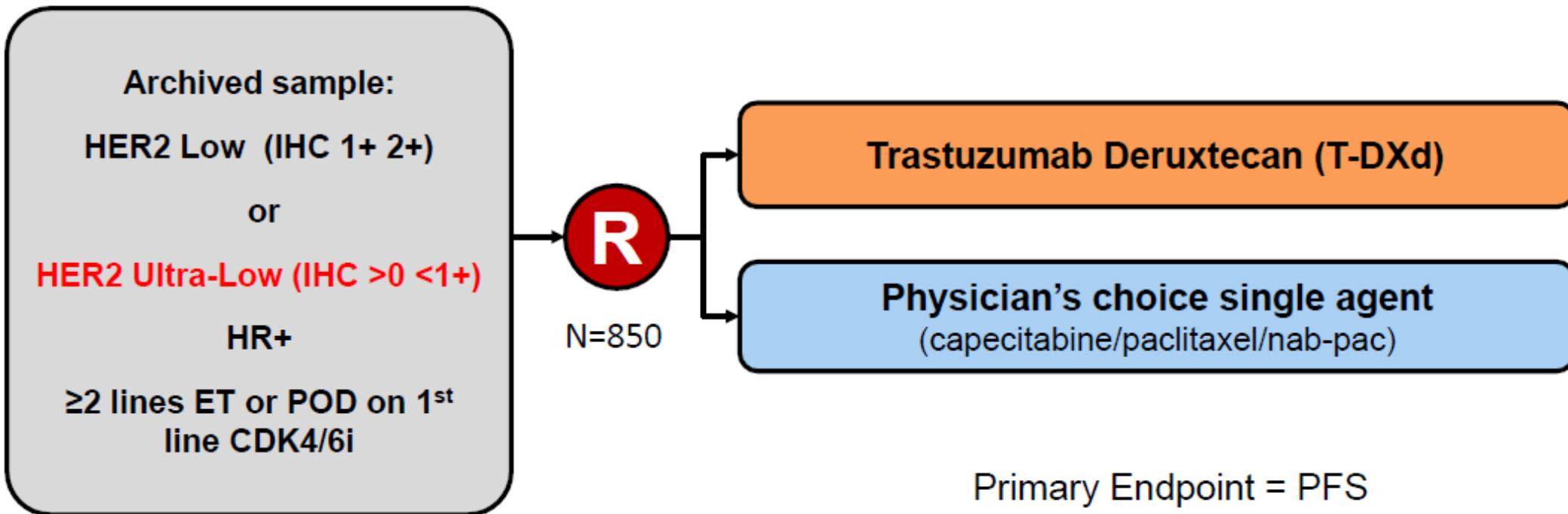
N = 557, 89% ER+, 11% ER-
Ca. 70%, havde fået en CDK4/6-inhibitor
modtaget mediant 2 linjer

|P|

TDXD – godkendt af FDA som 2 linje behandling til HER2-low mBC
EMA har godkendt ansøgningen



Destiny-06. Fase III forsøg til HER2-low el. 0 patienter. TDXD vs. standard kemoterapi



Destiny-06. Fase III forsøg til HER2-low el. 0 patienter. TDXD vs. standard kemoterapi

Archived sample:

HER2 Low (IHC 1+ 2+)

or

HER2 Ultra-Low (IHC 0+)

Protokol lige lukket

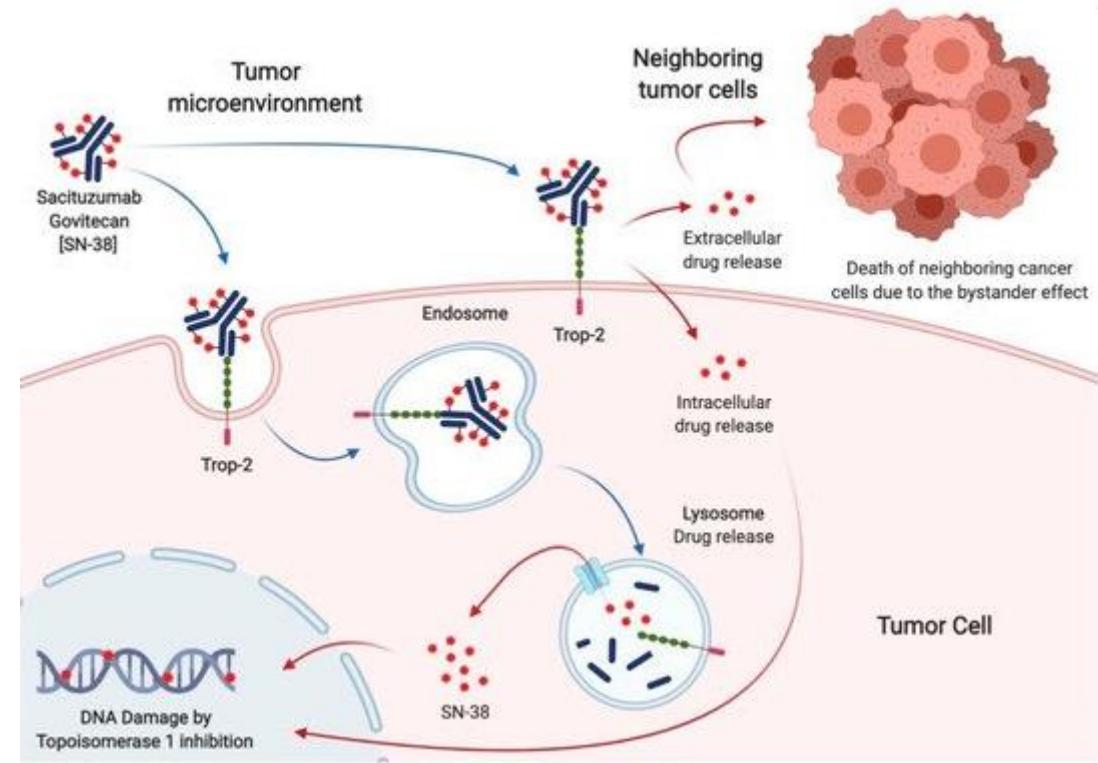
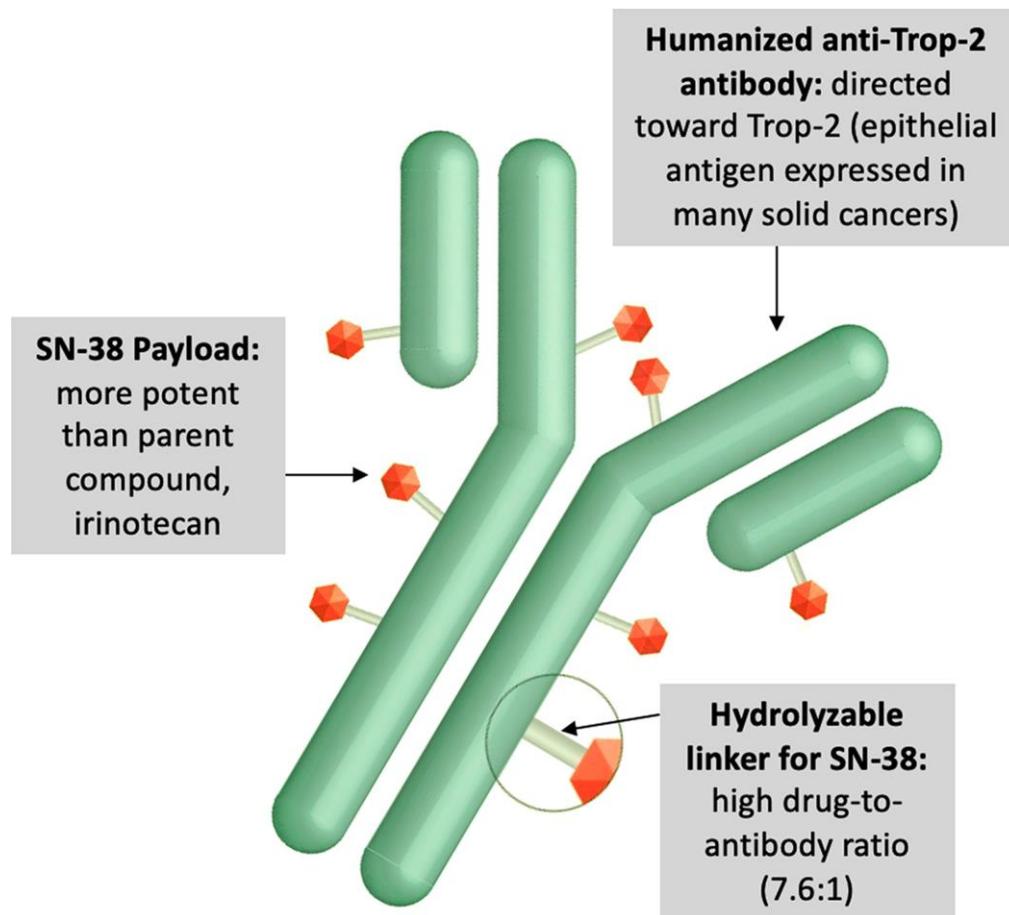
Recruit
Recruiting
(18-pac)

Primary Endpoint = PFS

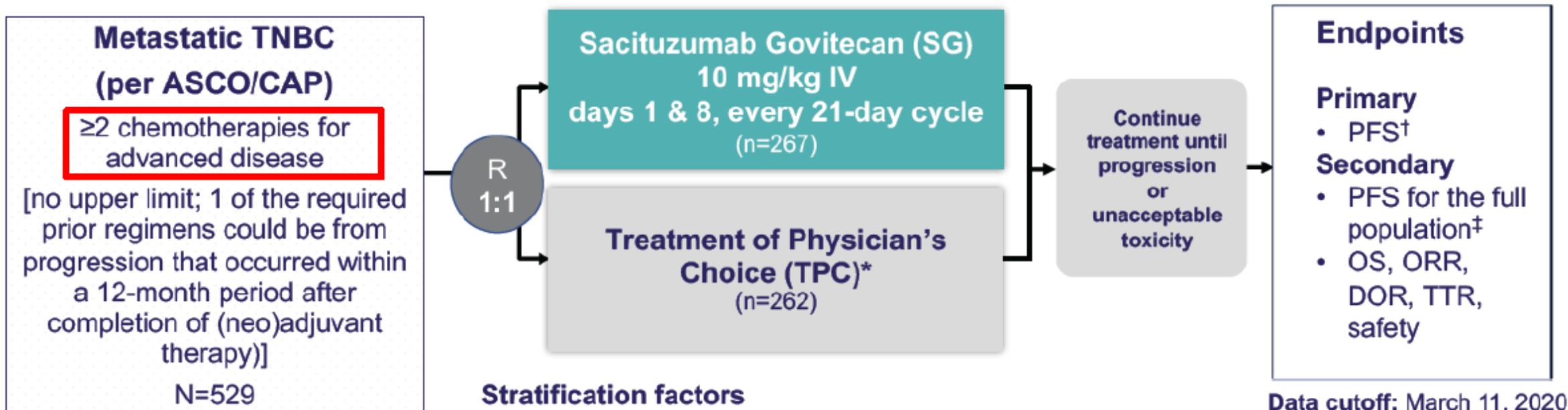
TROP2-Targeteting ADCs

Sacituzumab Govitecan

(sniger sig ind via tumor-associated calcium signal transducer 2)

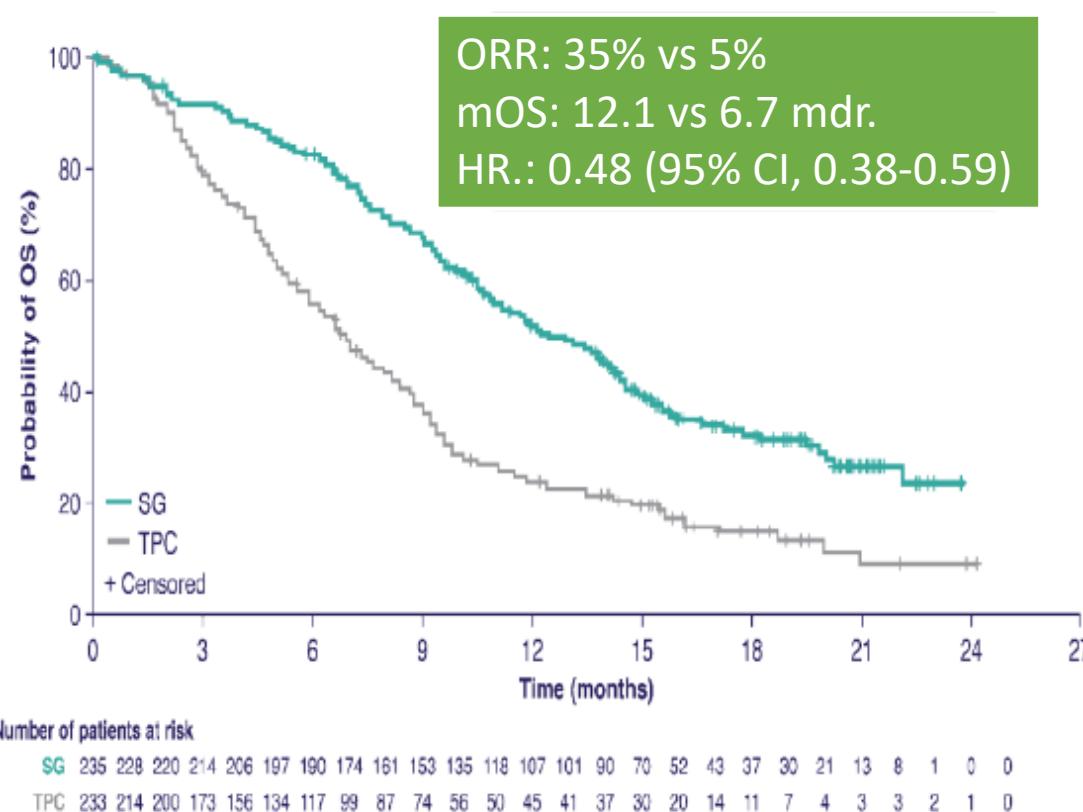


Ascent. Fase III forsøg til ER-, HER2- mBC SG vs standard.



* TPC options: capecitabine, eribulin, gemcitabine, vinorelbine

ASCENT: Sacituzumab Associated With 52% Increase in OS!

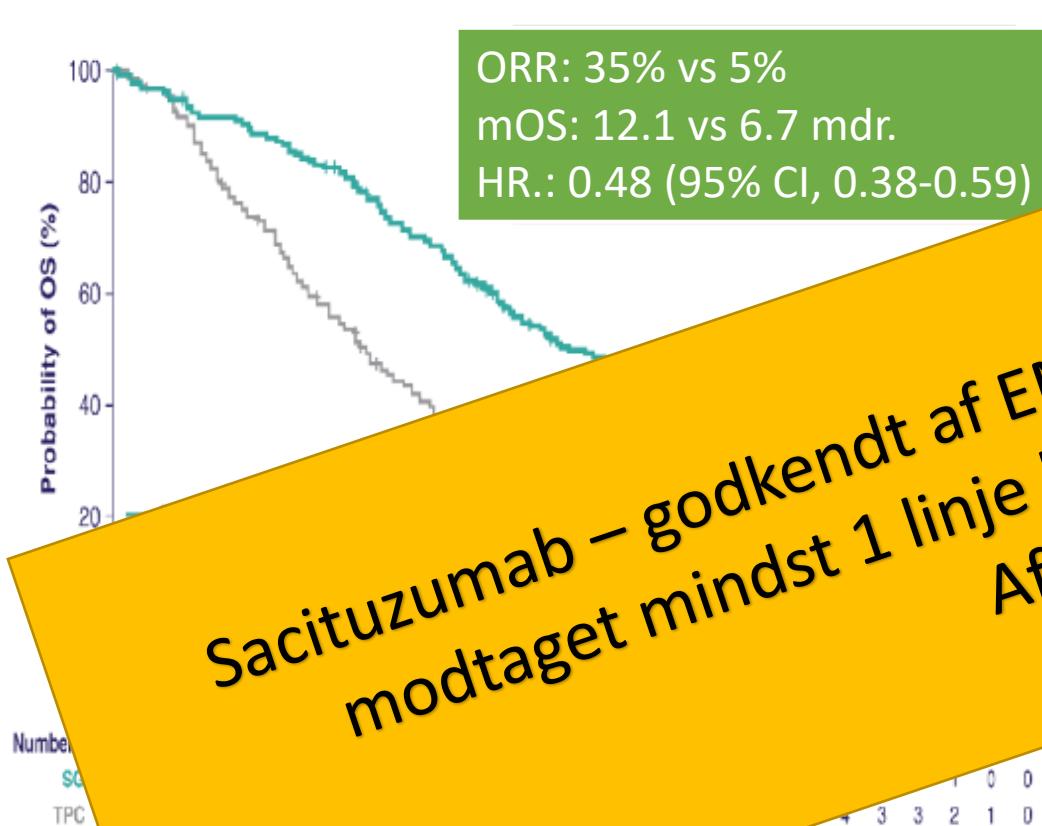


Treatment-related discontinuation rates: Sacituzumab 4.7%, TPC 5.4%

TRAEs (All Grade, >20%; Grade 3/4, >5% of Patients)

	TRAE*	All grade %	SG (n=258)		TPC (n=224)		
			Grade 3, %	Grade 4, %	All grade, %	Grade 3, %	Grade 4, %
Hematologic	Neutropenia [†]	63	46	17	43	27	13
	Anemia [‡]	34	8	0	24	5	0
	Leukopenia [§]	16	10	1	11	5	1
	Febrile neutropenia	6	5	1	2	2	<1
Gastrointestinal	Diarrhea	59	10	0	12	<1	0
	Nausea	57	2	<1	26	<1	0
	Vomiting	29	1	<1	10	<1	0
Other	Fatigue	45	3	0	30	5	0
	Alopecia	46	0	0	16	0	0

ASCENT: Sacituzumab Associated With 52% Increase in OS!



Treatment-related disc...

TRAE

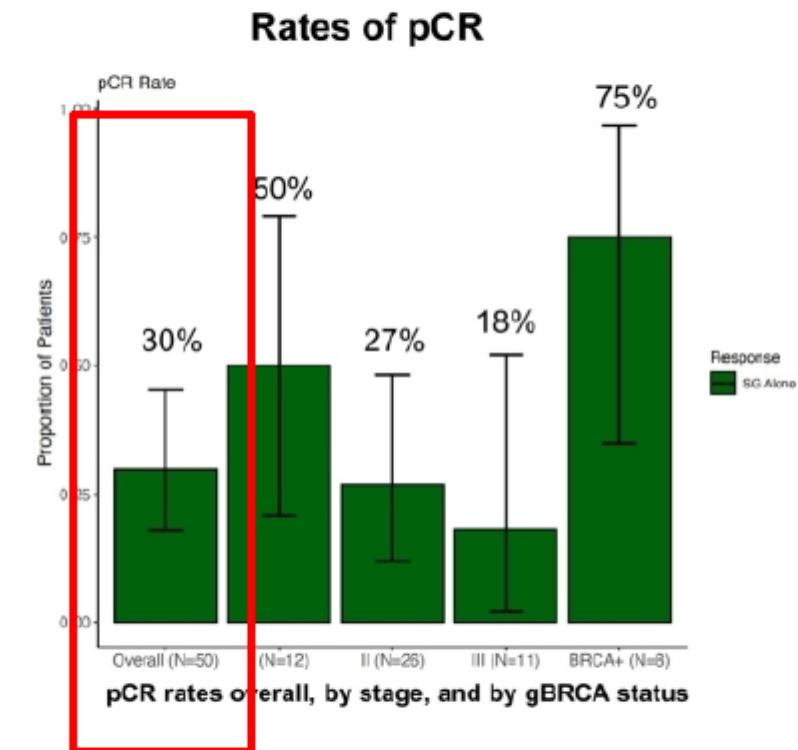
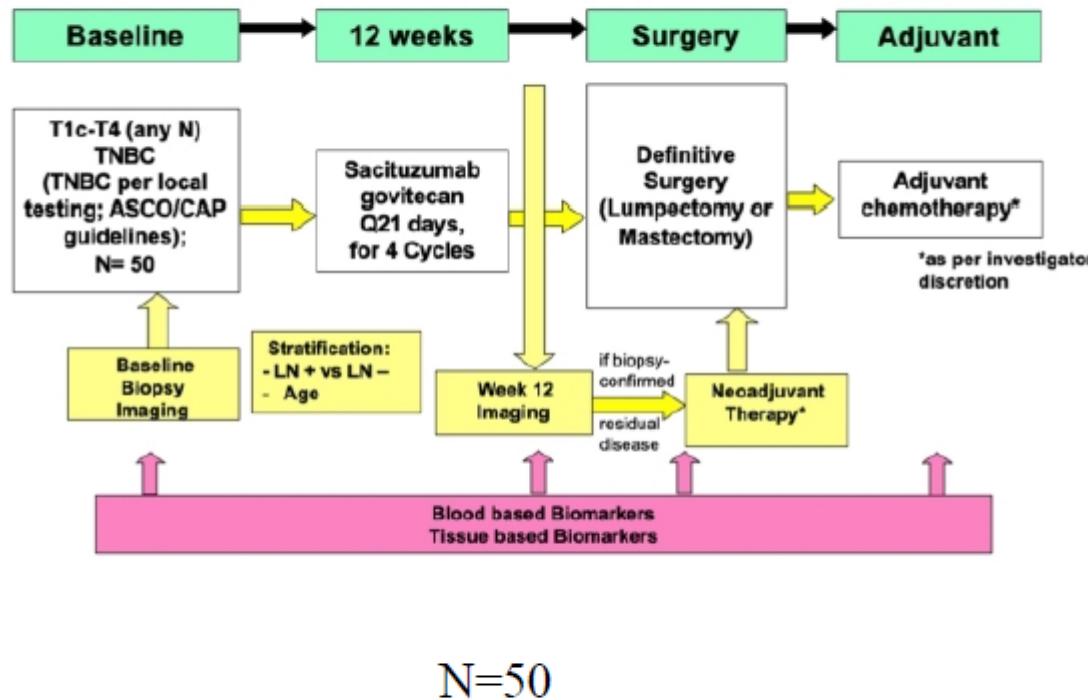
Sacituzumab – godkendt af EMA og FDA til patienter, der har modtaget mindst 1 linje behandling for deres mTNBC
Afvist i DK

ab 4.7%, TPC 5.4%

(of Patients)

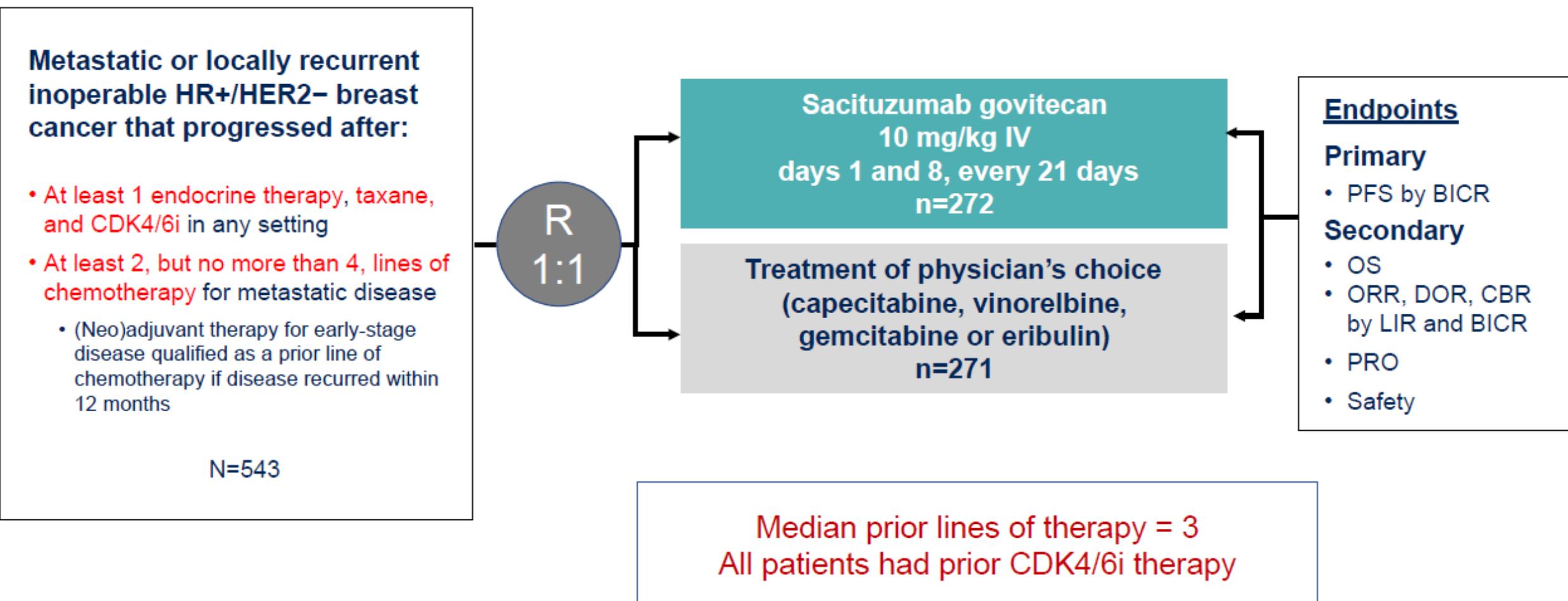
	TPC (n=224)	
	Grade 3, %	Grade 4, %
Nausea	59	10
Vomiting	57	2
Other	<1	1
Fatigue	29	1
Alopecia	45	3
	46	0

NeoSTAR Trial: neoadjuvant Sacituzumab for TNBC



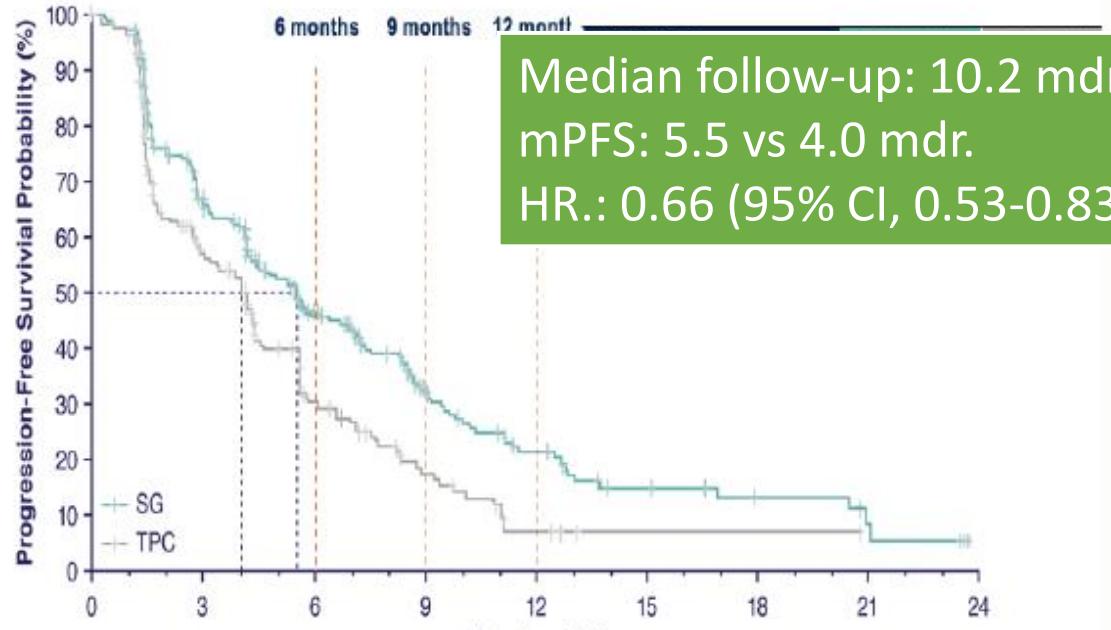
Future plans: Consider optimal number of cycles and combinations

TROPiCS02. Fase III forsøg til ER+, HER2- mBC SG vs standard.



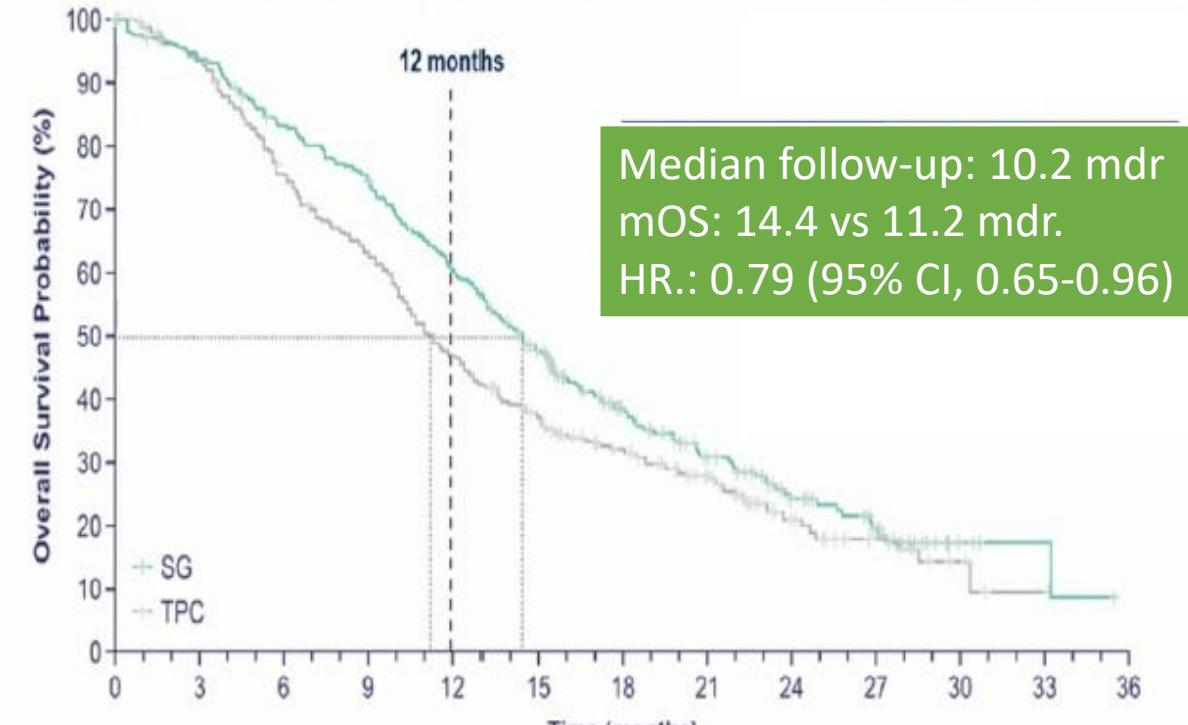
TROPiCS-02 Efficacy Endpoints

Progression Free Survival



No. of patients at risk (events)									
SG	272 (0)	148 (83)	82 (124)	44 (146)	22 (160)	12 (166)	6 (167)	3 (169)	0 (170)
TPC	271 (0)	105 (91)	41 (136)	17 (151)	4 (159)	1 (159)	1 (159)	0 (159)	

Overall Survival



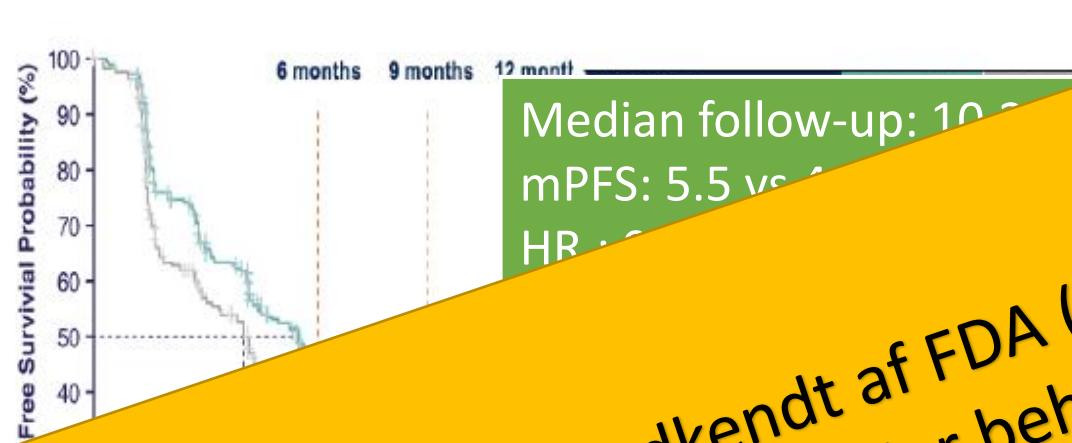
No. of Patients Still at Risk (Events)													
SG	272 (0)	252 (16)	221 (44)	197 (67)	160 (104)	120 (137)	80 (158)	53 (173)	31 (183)	20 (188)	4 (190)	2 (190)	0 (191)
TPC	271 (0)	246 (16)	196 (64)	164 (95)	122 (137)	92 (163)	70 (174)	49 (183)	23 (193)	13 (196)	5 (198)	1 (199)	0 (199)

Median follow-up

BICR, blinded independent central review; ITT, intent-to-treat; PFS, progression-free survival; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; SG, sacituzumab govitecan; TPC, treatment of physician's choice.

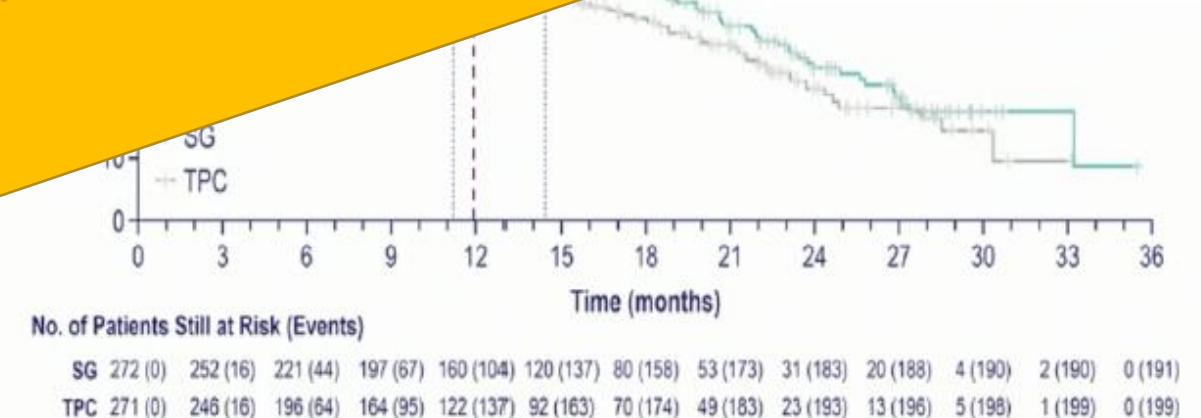
TROPiCS-02 Efficacy Endpoints

Progression Free Survival



Median follow-up: 10.2 mdr
mPFS: 5.5 vs 4.0 mdr.
HR: 0.65 (0.51, 0.80)

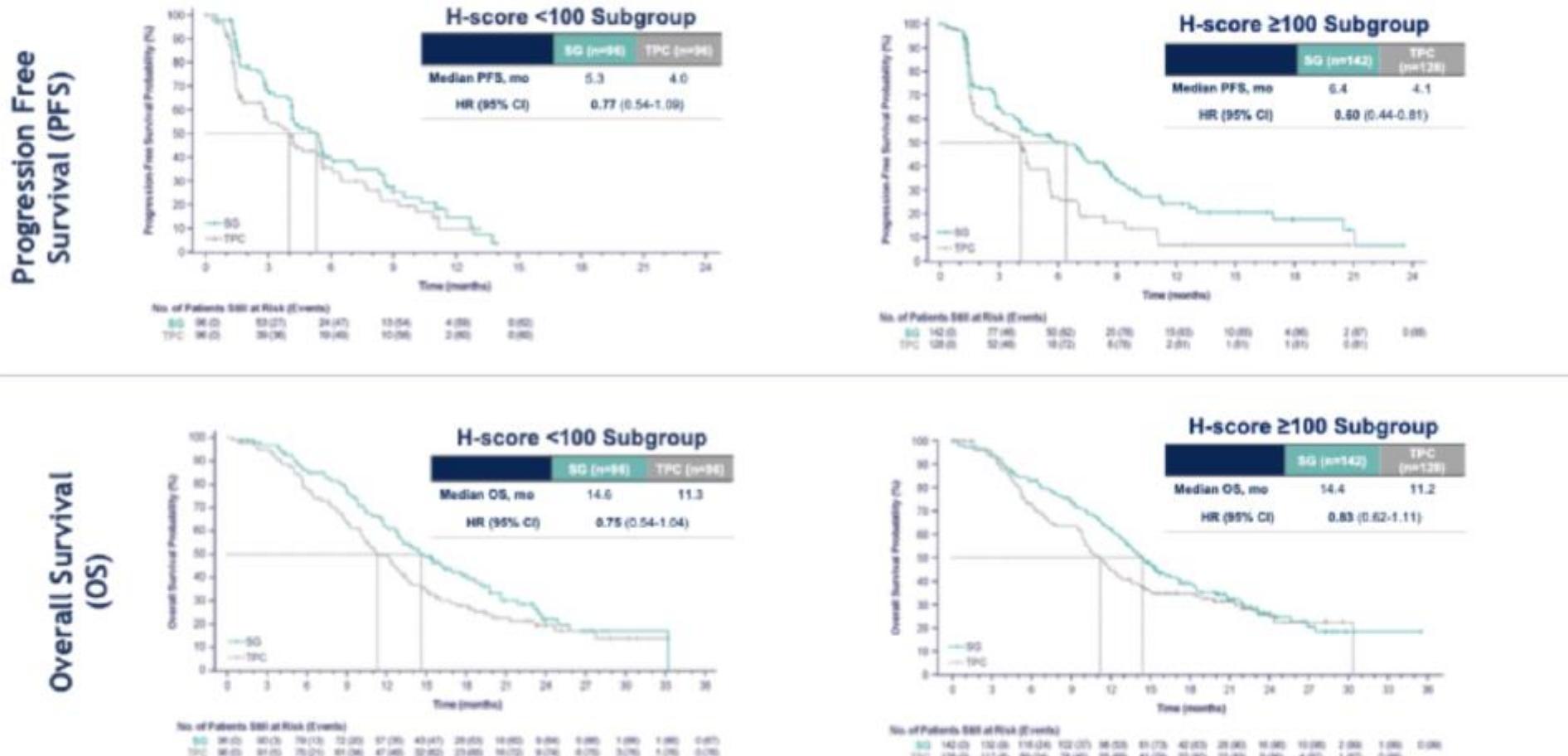
Sacituzumab – godkendt af FDA (okt. 22) til patienter, der har modtaget mindst 2 linjer behandling for deres mER+BC



Median follow-up

BICR, blinded independent central review; ITT, intent-to-treat; PFS, progression-free survival; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; SG, sacituzumab govitecan; TPC, treatment of physician's choice.

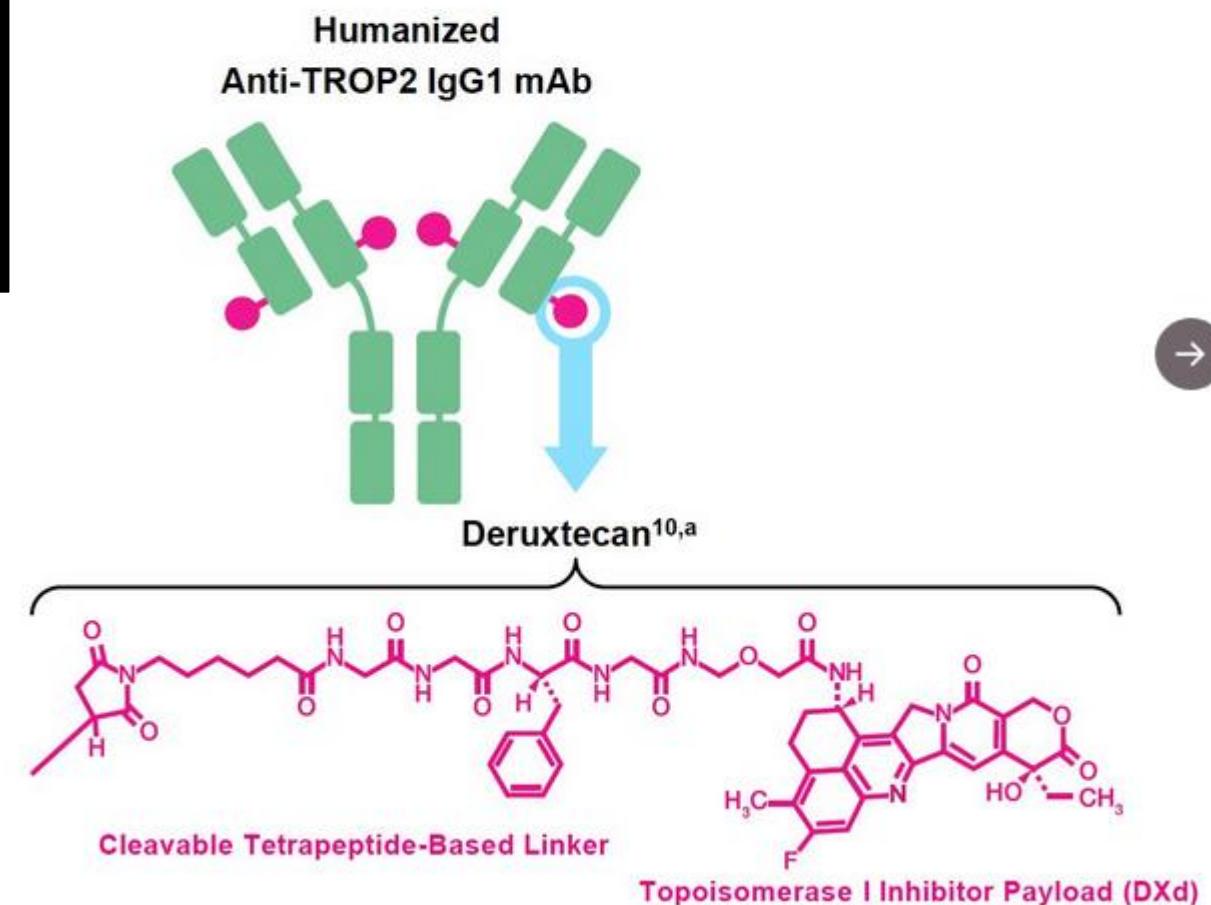
Sacituzumab improves PFS and OS across TROP-2 expression levels in TROPICS- O2



Datopotamab Deruxtecan (Dato-DXd; DS-1062) and TROP2

Kombination af "TDXD" og Trop2-targeteret antistof – den nye i klassen...

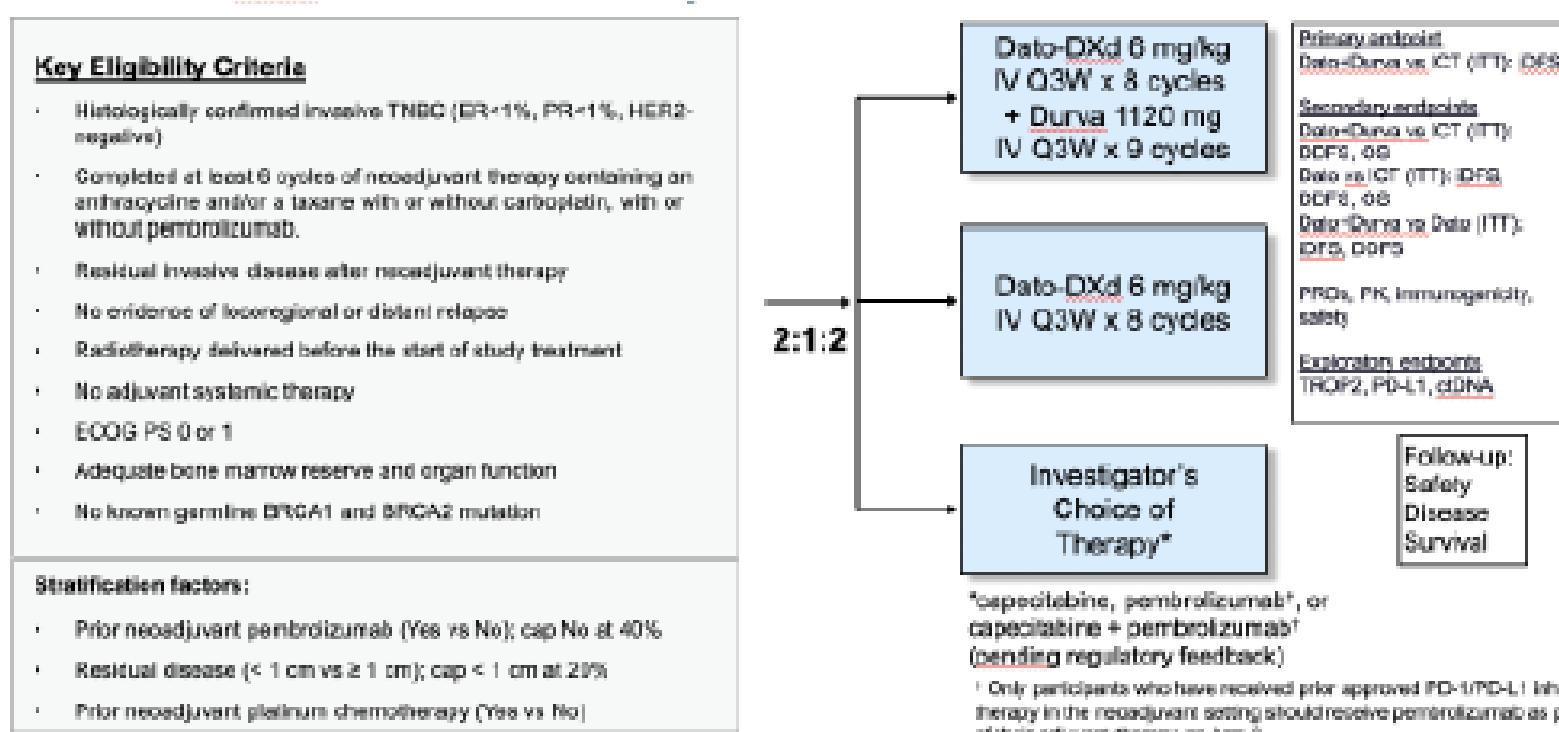
- Datopotamab deruxtecan (Dato-DXd; DS-1062) is a TROP2 directed ADC composed of 3 components^{7,8}:
 - A humanized anti-TROP2 IgG1⁹ mAb
 - A topoisomerase 1 inhibitor payload (exatecan derivative, DXd)
 - A tetrapeptide-based cleavable linker



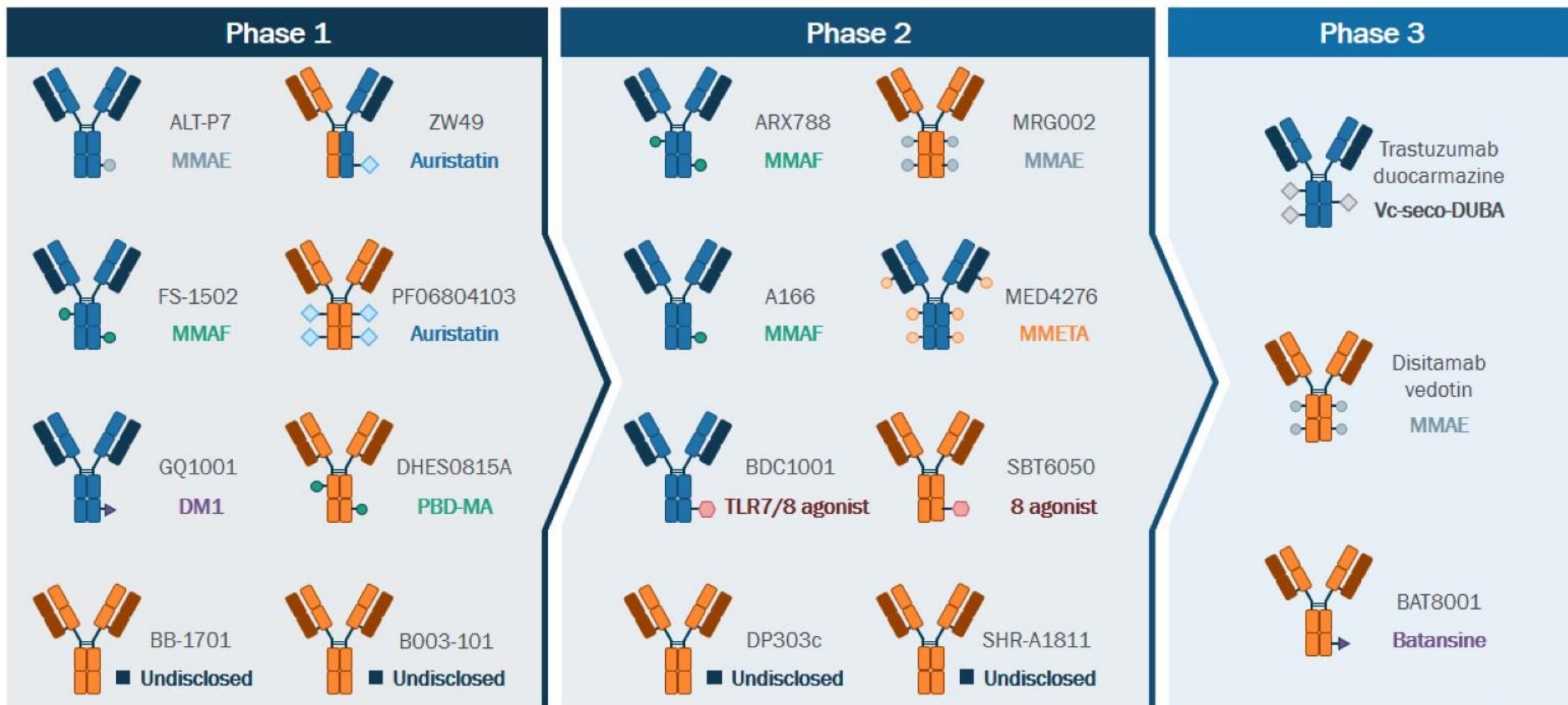
TROP2 ADC til residual sygdom efter NACT

TROPION B-03

Phase 3 Dato-DXd +/- Durvalumab in Adjuvant Residual Disease TNBC

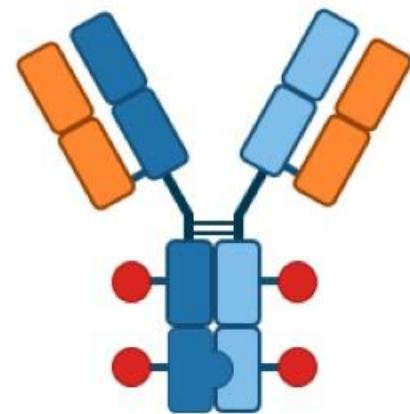


Novel Antibody-Drug Conjugates (cont)



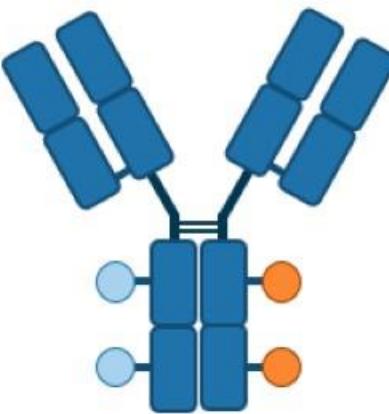
New Vehicles and Payloads

Bispecific ADCs^[a,b]



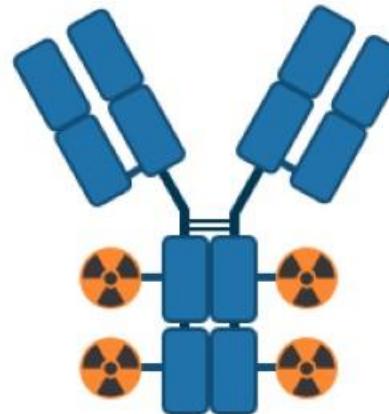
Encouraging response rate
in highly pretreated patients
with HER2+ solid tumors

Dual payload ADCs^[c]



Solid activity in HER2+
breast cancer models
when combining MMAE
and MMAF payloads

Radionuclide/ IO ADCs^[d,e]

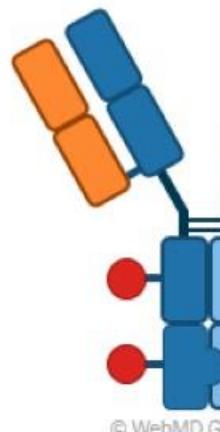


Early clinical activity
observed in a phase 1 trial
of a P-cadherin–targeted
radioimmunotherapy
with 90Y

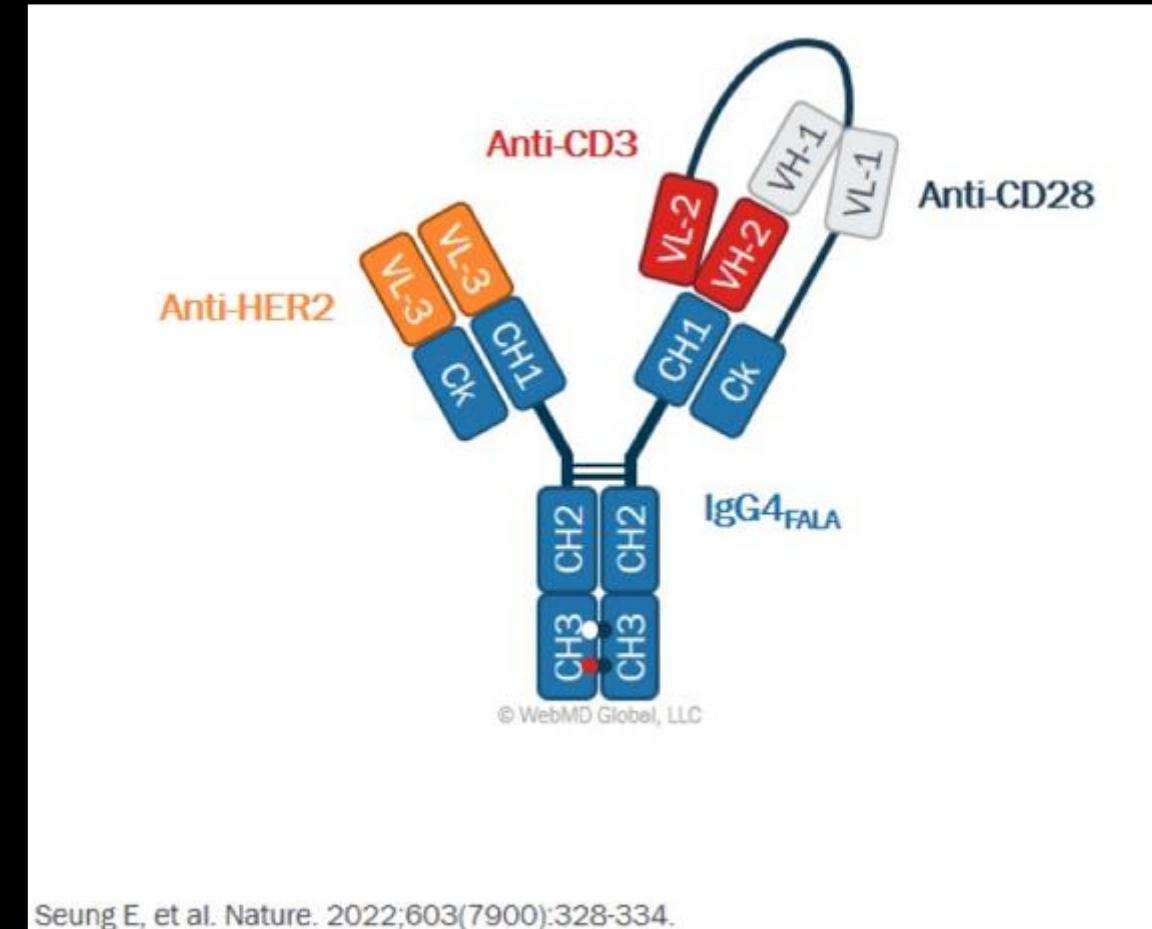
a. Tarantino P, et al. CA Can J Clin 2022;72:165-182; b. Jhaveri K, et al. Ann Oncol. 2022;33(suppl 7):S197-S224, Abstract 460MO; c. Yamazaki CM, et al. Nat Commun. 2021;12:3528; d. Funase Y, et al. Nucl Med. 2021;62:232-239; e. Subbiah V, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2020;26:5830-5842.

New Vehicles and Payloads

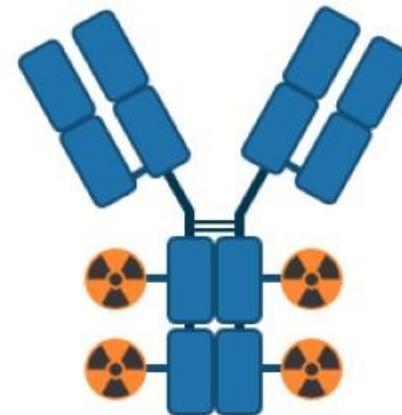
Bispecific



Encouraging results
in highly pretreated
patients with HER2+ S



Radionuclide/ IO ADCs^[d,e]



Early clinical activity
observed in a phase 1 trial
of a P-cadherin–targeted
radioimmunotherapy
with 90Y

a. Tarantino P, et al. CA Can J Clin 2022;72:165-182; b. Jhaveri K, et al. Ann Oncol. 2022;33(suppl 7):S197-S224, Abstract 460MO; c. Yamazaki CM, et al. Nat Commun. 2021;12:3528; d. Funase Y, et al. Nucl Med. 2021;62:232-239; e. Subbiah V, et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2020;26:5830-5842.

New Targets on the Horizon

HER3

NECTIN4

FR α

MESOTHELIN

MUC1

LIV1

B7H4

CEACAM

CD166

CD71

New Targets on the Horizon

HER3

NECTIN4

FR α

MESOTHELIN

MUC1

LIV1

B7H4

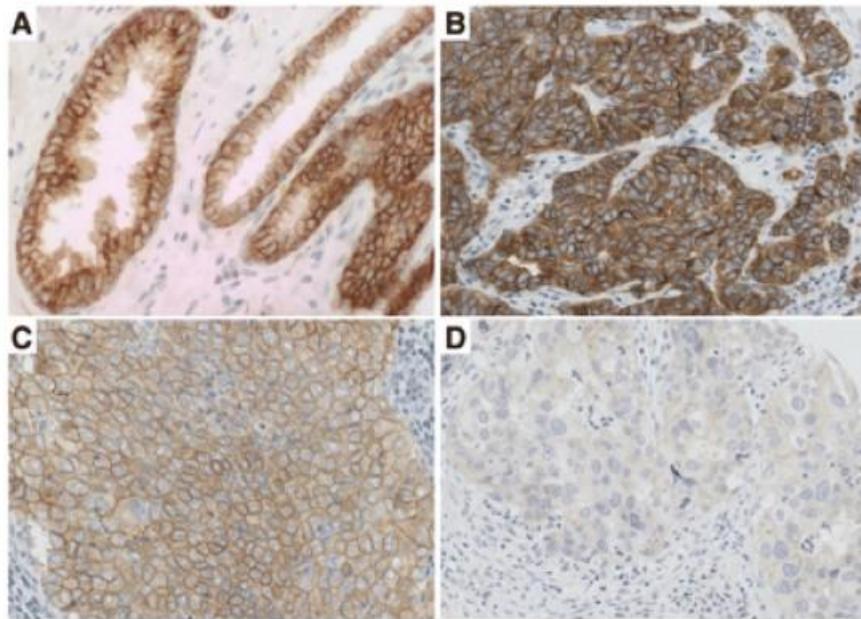
CEACAM

CD166

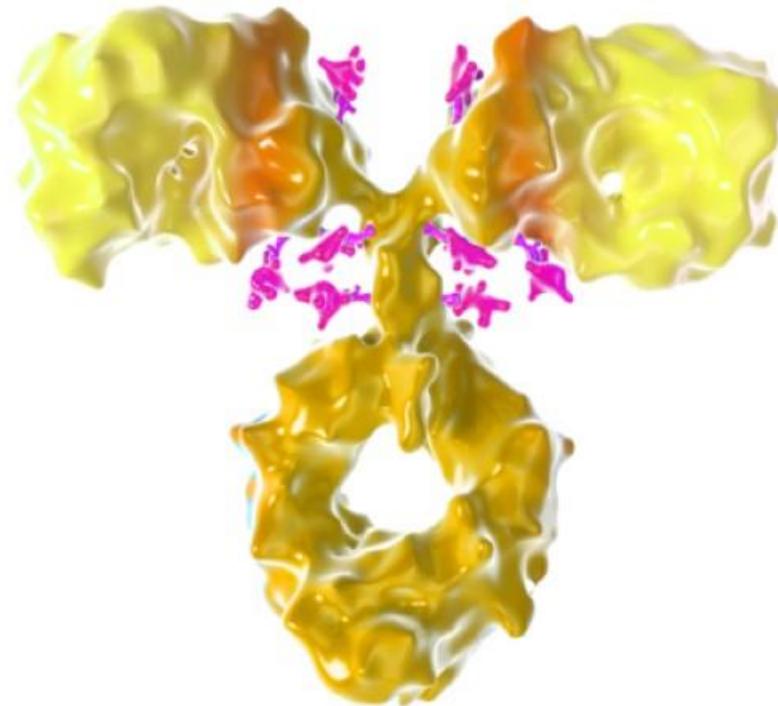
CD71

HER3-DXd

HER3 is expressed in > 95% of breast cancers, with half showing a strong overexpression



Patritumab deruxtecan (U3-1402) is a novel ADC coupling an anti-HER3 mAb to DXd with a high DAR (8:1)



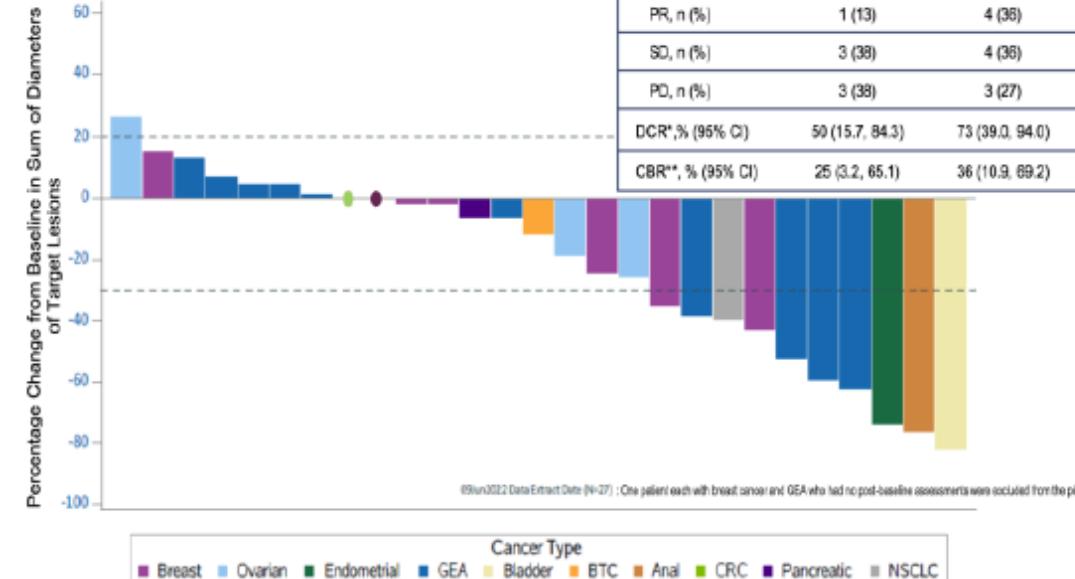
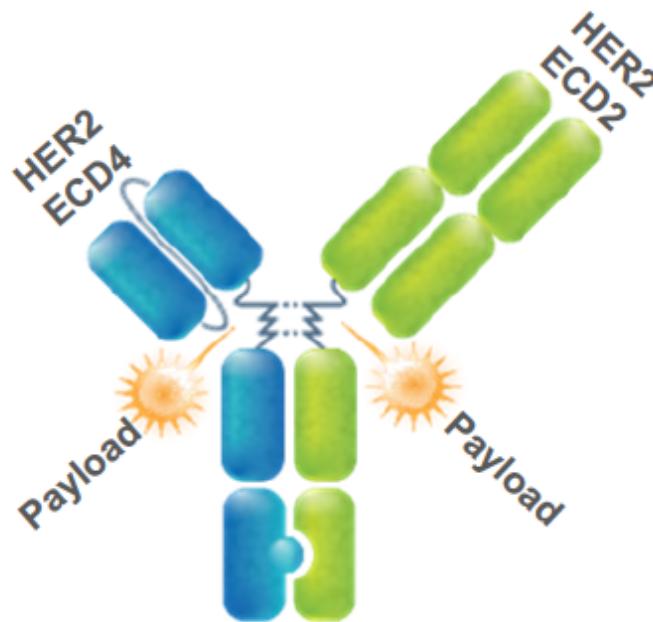
HER3-DXd

Outcomes (BICR per RECIST 1.1)	HR+/HER2- (n = 113) HER3-High and -Low	TNBC (n = 53) HER3-High	HER2+ (n = 14) HER3-High
Confirmed ORR, % (95% CI) ^a	30.1 (21.8, 39.4)	22.6 (12.3, 36.2)	42.9 (17.7, 71.1)
Best overall response, % ^b			
PR	30.1	22.6	42.9
SD	50.4	56.6	50.0
PD	11.5	17.0	7.1
NE	8.0	3.8	0.0
DOR, median (95% CI), mo	7.2 (5.3, NE)	5.9 (3.0, 8.4)	8.3 (2.8, 26.4)
PFS, median (95% CI), mo	7.4 (4.7, 8.4)	5.5 (3.9, 6.8)	11.0 (4.4, 16.4)
6-month PFS rate, % (95% CI)	53.5 (43.4, 62.6)	38.2 (24.2, 52.0)	51.6 (22.1, 74.8)
OS, median (95% CI), mo	14.6 (11.3, 19.5)	14.6 (11.2, 17.2)	19.5 (12.2, NE)

HER3-DXd demonstrated durable antitumor activity across BC subtypes

- Confirmed ORR for all patients (N = 182), 28.6% (95% CI, 22.1%, 35.7%); median DOR, 7.0 mo (95% CI, 5.5, 8.5 mo)

Zanidatamab Zovodotin (ZW49): Anti-HER2 Bispecific ADC

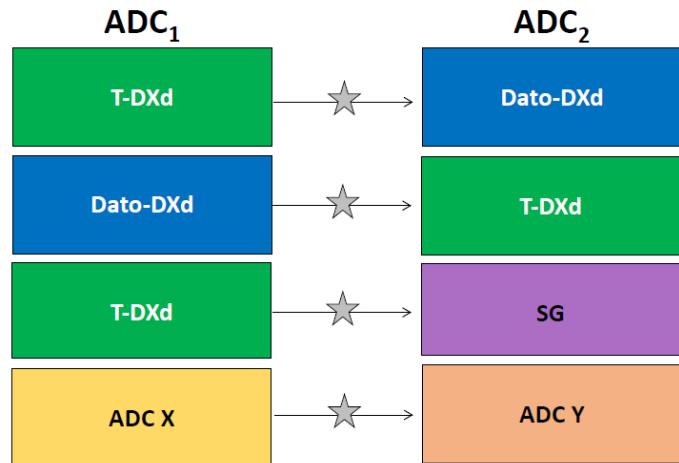


*One patient of the 3G treated at 2.5 mg/kg Q3W was HER2 negative per central review and not included. *DCR = CR, PR, or SD. **CBR = SD ≥ 24 weeks or best overall response of CR or PR. BTC = biliary tract cancer; CBR = clinical benefit rate; cORR = confirmed objective response rate; CRC = colorectal cancer; DCR = disease control rate; DE = dose escalation; DX = dose expansion; GEA = gastroesophageal adenocarcinoma; NSCLC = non-small cell lung cancer; PD = progressive disease; PR = partial response; Q3W = once every 3 weeks; SD = stable disease.

- Immunoglobulin 1-like antibody backbone directed against **extracellular domain 4 (ECD4) & ECD2 of HER2**
- Auristatin payload (**tubulin targeting**) covalently linked via a protease **cleavable valine-citrulline linker**; **(DAR) = 2**
- Antibody-induced internalization with increased toxin-mediated cytotoxicity and immunogenic cell death

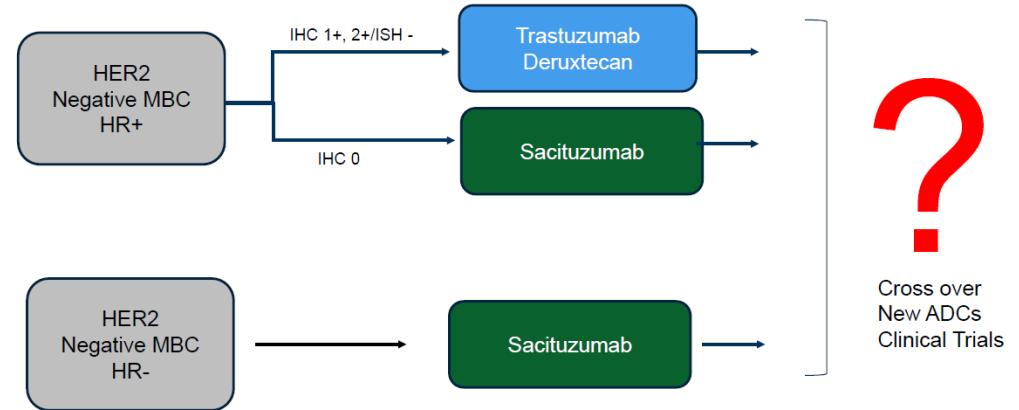
Mange spørgsmål

Will Need to Understand Sequencing of ADCs



Need comparison and sequencing studies

T-DXD vs Sacituzumab :Proposed Approach to ADC Selection in HER2 NEGATIVE MBC



Opsamling

- Teknologiske fremskridt har bragt os ind i en spændende æra med ADC behandling
 - Næste generations lægemidler med forbedrede egenskaber har forbedret effektivitet
 - De nye lægemidler har bredere klinisk anvendelighed og har udvidet målgruppen
- Payload.: + parpi, immunterapi...

Targetmodulation med TKI'er eller statiner?

???

- Biomarkører for respons
- Vel-designede studier vedr. rækkefølge
- Viden om resistensudvikling

